**Supplemental Table 1.** Signs and Symptoms of Cardiac Amyloidosis.

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| **Test** | **Findings** |
| Clinical features | * Heart failure
* atypical chest pain,
* orthostatic hypotension
* syncope
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| Chest Radiography | * Normal heart size or cardiomegaly with pleural effusions, pulmonary congestion
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| Cardiac Biomarkers | * Elevated N-terminal probrain natriuretic peptide
* Elevated cardiac troponin T
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| Electrocardiography | * Low QRS voltage common (note: normal voltage or even LVH criteria may be present)
* Pseudoinfarct pattern
* Arrhythmias
* AV block, RBBB, LBBB
* Low voltage/mass
* Fragmented QRS
 |
| Echocardiography | * Thickened walls and valves, pericardial effusion
* Preserved LV ejection fraction (reduced EF does not exclude diagnosis)
* Low voltage/mass
* Left ventricular size usually normal or reduced
* Doppler shows restricted filling
* Reduced LV strain with apical sparing( “bullseye” pattern)
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| MRI and Nuclear Imaging | * Abnormal late gadolinium enhancement and difficulty “nulling” the myocardium
* Nuclear scintigraphy (PYP, DPD) for TTR amyloidoisis
* MRI imaging using (11C-PIB; 11C-Pittsburgh B compound) and florbetapir to detect AL amyloidosis
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