**Supplemental Table 1.** Signs and Symptoms of Cardiac Amyloidosis.

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| **Test** | **Findings** |
| Clinical features | * Heart failure * atypical chest pain, * orthostatic hypotension * syncope |
| Chest Radiography | * Normal heart size or cardiomegaly with pleural effusions, pulmonary congestion |
| Cardiac Biomarkers | * Elevated N-terminal probrain natriuretic peptide * Elevated cardiac troponin T |
| Electrocardiography | * Low QRS voltage common (note: normal voltage or even LVH criteria may be present) * Pseudoinfarct pattern * Arrhythmias * AV block, RBBB, LBBB * Low voltage/mass * Fragmented QRS |
| Echocardiography | * Thickened walls and valves, pericardial effusion * Preserved LV ejection fraction (reduced EF does not exclude diagnosis) * Low voltage/mass * Left ventricular size usually normal or reduced * Doppler shows restricted filling * Reduced LV strain with apical sparing( “bullseye” pattern) |
| MRI and Nuclear Imaging | * Abnormal late gadolinium enhancement and difficulty “nulling” the myocardium * Nuclear scintigraphy (PYP, DPD) for TTR amyloidoisis * MRI imaging using (11C-PIB; 11C-Pittsburgh B compound) and florbetapir to detect AL amyloidosis |