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## EFFECT MECHANISM OF SIMIAOYONG'AN DECOCTION ON EXTRACELLULAR MATRIX IN RABBIT'S ATHEROSCLEROSIS VULNERABLE PLAQUE

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**Objective** To observe the intervening effect and acting mechanism of Simiaoyongan Decoction (SYD) on extracellular matrix in rabbit's Atherosclerosis plaque.

**Methods** 40 Japanese white rabbits were randomly assigned to four groups: the normal control group, model group, SYD group and simvastatin group in which there were 10 animals. Levels of Collagen, α-SMA, MMP-9 and NF-κB expression in aortic wall were measured at the terminal of experiment.

**Results** Compared with the model group, MMP-9 and NF- $\kappa$ B expression in a ortic wall were lower in the treated groups after treatment; Collagen and  $\alpha$ -SMA level increased (p<0.01or p<0.05).

**Conclusion** SYD could suppress degradation of extracellular matrix to stabilise atherosclerosis vulnerable plaque. Its mechanism can be the restraint in MMP-9 and a cell signalling protein NF- $\kappa$ B expressions