multiple-dose, while there was no significant difference in the AUC of tacrolimus between them when the two drugs are administrated with single-dose.

Conclusions

- 1. CYP3A5*3 is an important factor affecting the tacrolimus pharmacokinetics.
- 2. Among the CYP3A5*1/*1 and CYP3A5*1/*3 subjects, amlodipine raises significantly the whole blood tacrolimus concentration.
- 3. Among the CYP3A5*3/*3 subjects, amlodipine raises the oral clearance of tacrolimus and decrease the blood tacrolimus concentration.

GW23-e0855 EFFECT OF AMLODIPINE ON THE PHARMACOKINETICS OF TACROLIMUS IN RELATION TO CYP3A5*3 GENETIC POLYMORPHISM IN HEALTHY CHINESE SUBJECTS

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Objectives To investigate the effect of amlodipine on the pharmacokinetics of tacrolimus in relation to CYP3A5*3 genetic polymorphism in healthy Chinese subjects.

Methods

- 1. A PCR-RFLP technique was used for CYP3A5*3 genotyping.
- 2. HPLC-MS/MS methods were applied to determine the tacrolimus whole blood samples.
- 3. An open, randomised, three-period crossover clinical trial was used to investigate the effect of amlodipine on the pharmacokinetics of tacrolimus in healthy volunteers in relation to different CYP3A5*3 genotypes.

Results

- The oral clearance of tacrolimus in CYP3A5*1/*1 or CYP3A5*1/ *3 group was significantly higher than that in CYP3A5*3/*3, the area under the concentration (AUC) of tacrolimus was less than that in the latter.
- 2. When tacrolimus and amlodipine were coadministrated with single dose or multiple dose in CYP3A5*1/*1 or CYP3A5*1/*3 subjects, the AUC of tacrolimus in coadministration group was significantly higher than that in tacrolimus alone group.
- 3. For CYP3A5*3/*3 subjects, the AUC of tacrolimus in tacrolimus plus amlodipine group is significantly lower than that in tacrolimus alone group when the two drugs are administrated with