

MODULATION OF AORTIC INWARD RECTIFIER POTASSIUM_{2.1} CHANNEL ACTIVITY BY SULFUR DIOXIDE

A Salihi,¹ O Al-Habib,² O Moran,³ C Picco,³ D Baroni³ ¹Salahaddin university; ²Zakho university; ³Istituto di Biofisica, Consiglio Nazionale delle R

doi:10.1136/heartjnl-2013-304019.250

The aim of the present work was to study the role of inward rectifier potassium (KIR) channels in mediating relaxation of rat thoracic aorta, and the activity of KIR2.1 channel expressed in *Xenopus* oocytes in response to sulfur dioxide (SO₂) derivatives 1:3 M/M sodium bisulfite (NaHSO₃) and sodium sulfite (Na₂SO₃) PowerLab tissue bath system and two-electrode voltage-clamp technique. SO₂ derivatives (3–9 mM)-induced relaxation in aortic rings was inhibited by BaCl₂ with IC₅₀ from 6.21 mM to 7 mM and maximum relaxation (E_{max}) was reduced from 62.026 ± 6.527 to 36.085 ± 9.382%. Application of SO₂ derivatives (3mM), caused a marked increment in initial and steady state KIR2.1 currents by 54.55% and 60.74%, respectively. Furthermore, addition of barium ion (Ba²⁺; 100 μM) significantly inhibited initial and steady state KIR2.1 currents by 51.91% and 73.19%, while, when combined with SO₂ significantly caused a decrement only in KIR2.1 steady state currents by 69.2% at 5mM-K⁺ concentration. In the current-voltage relationship experiments, SO₂ derivatives demonstrated a stronger rectification of KIR2.1 current in a testing potential -100mV, when the currents were evoked by repolarizing pulses from holding to test potentials (+60 to -100 mV) in 20 mV decrement. SO₂ failed to change KIR2.1 channel chord conductance calculated from current-voltage relationship from current values of the voltages between -60 mV and -100 mV in both K⁺ concentrations 5 mM and 30 mM. On the other hand, application of Ba²⁺ and their combination with SO₂ markedly attenuated KIR2.1 currents in voltages between -80 to -100mV and chord conductance. These results provide the first evidence for activation of KIR2.1 channel by SO₂ derivatives, and the stimulatory effect of SO₂ derivatives is voltage-dependent.