ALGORITHM FOR RISK STRATIFICATION AND MANAGEMENT OF ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES (NON-ST SEGMENT ELEVATION)

**High risk features**
- Age >70 years
- Rest pain
- Acute ST segment depression (initial electrocardiogram)
- Cardiac troponin T or I positive
- +/- haemodynamic instability

**High Risk**
All high-risk features
- Routine medical therapy
- Glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitor
- Angiography and +/- intervention

**Medium Risk**
One or more high risk features
- Cardiac troponin T or I positive
- Initial ECG acute ST segment depression
- Rest pain
- Prior aspirin use
- Recurrent ischaemia
- Ischaemia post infarction
- Diabetes mellitus
- Previous MI
- History of heart failure

**Low Risk**
No high-risk features
- Age < 60 years
- No rest pain
- Normal ECG
- cTnT or I negative
- No haemodynamic complications

**Exercise / pharmacologic stress testing**
- Positive – treatment as for medium risk
- Negative – out of hospital management