

摘要：

一位66岁男性患者因劳力性呼吸困难就诊，合并长期大量吸烟史及高血压等冠心病危险因素。心电图提示为窦性心律，胸前导联R波递增不良。入院后冠状动脉造影并未发现冠状动脉存在明显狭窄，但左室造影却发现心尖部存在一个窄颈、薄壁、花瓣状的囊状突起。考虑该囊状突起是室壁瘤、憩室还是心尖球囊样综合征？之后的MRI检查证实该患者无心肌梗死迹象。患者的症状依靠支气管扩张剂缓解，应与心脏无关。结合影像学所见、治疗转归，考虑其心尖部囊状突起应为孤立性先天性左室憩室。

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