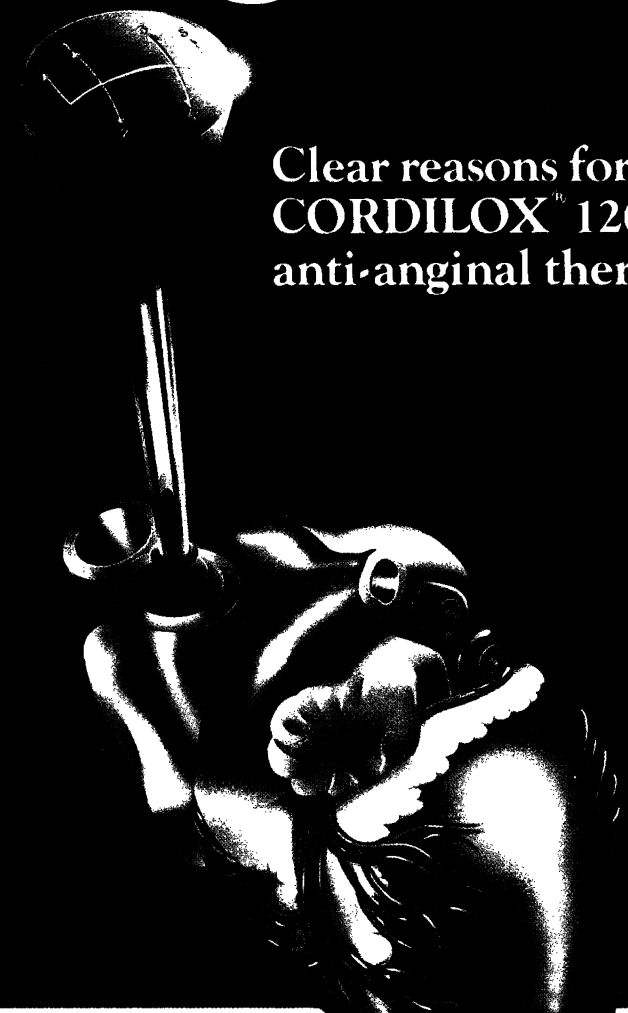


# Angina control



Clear reasons for choosing  
**CORDILOX<sup>®</sup> 120** as your first line  
anti-anginal therapy.

Effective in all types of  
angina pectoris  
angina of effort, angina at rest or the  
more commonly encountered mixed  
forms

Trials show better profile  
than propranolol or  
nifedipine  
whether measured by incidence of  
angina attacks, exercise tolerance,  
consumption of nitroglycerin or  
freedom from side effects<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Suitable for all types  
of angina patients  
including those with asthma,  
bronchitis, peripheral vascular disease  
or hypertension<sup>4</sup>

Effective in controlling  
mild to moderate  
hypertension  
may be all that is required to control  
both angina and hypertension<sup>5</sup>

#### Prescribing information.

**Cordilox<sup>®</sup> 120 and Cordilox (tablets 40 mg or 80 mg) Verapamil Hydrochloride B.P.** Indications: treatment and prophylaxis of angina pectoris; treatment and prophylaxis of supraventricular tachycardias; treatment of mild to moderate hypertension and of renal hypertension. Dose: adults: angina, 120mg t.d.s. is recommended; SVT 40-120mg t.d.s. according to severity; hypertension, 80-160mg t.d.s., titrating to effect. Contra-indications: hypotension associated with cardiogenic shock, marked bradycardia (<50 beats/min), partial or complete atrioventricular block, sick sinus syndrome, uncompensated heart failure. Side-effects: constipation is not uncommon, flushing occasional, headaches rare. Precautions: possible effect on left ventricular contractility. Concomitant use with beta-blockers. Basic NHS price: Cordilox 120; £14.06 per 100 tablets, £70.29 per 500 tablets. Cordilox 40mg; £4.69 per 100 tablets. Cordilox 80mg; £9.37 per 100 tablets. P.L. Numbers 0037/0084-/0098-/0085.

Further information is available on request from:



Abbott Laboratories Ltd.  
Queenborough, Kent, ME11 5EL

<sup>®</sup> Registered Trademark of Knoll AG.

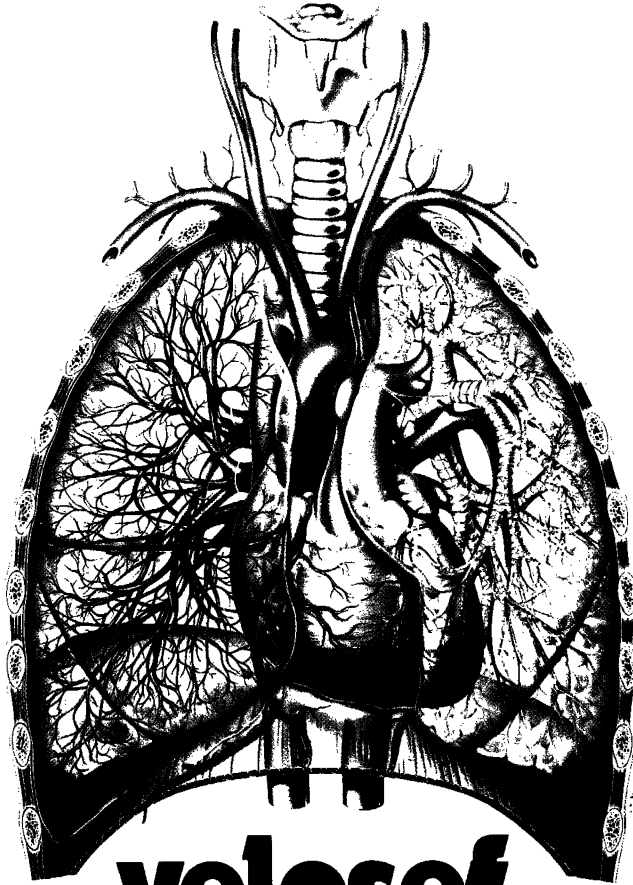
References 1. Bowles MJ, Bala Subramanian V, Davies AB, Raftery EB. Comparison of antianginal actions of verapamil and propranolol. *Br. med. j.* 1981; 282: 1754. 2. Bala Subramanian V, Bowles MJ, Davies AB, Khurmi NS, Raftery EB. Double-blind randomized comparison of verapamil and nifedipine in chronic stable angina. (Abstract) *Circulation* 1981; 64 (suppl. IV): 150. 3. Dawson JR, Whitaker NHG, Sutton GC. Calcium antagonist drugs in chronic stable angina. *Br. Heart J.* 1981; 46: 508-512. 4. Raftery J. Verapamil in the long term treatment of angina pectoris. In: Zanchetti A, Krikler DM, eds. *Calcium antagonists in cardiovascular therapy: experience with Verapamil*. International symposium, Florence, 2-4 October 1980; Excerpta Medica, Amsterdam: 167-173. 5. Corea L, Bentivoglio M, Alunni G, Cosmi F, Prete G, Costantini V. Isometric exercise before and after acute and chronic verapamil administration in controls and in hypertensives. *Acta Therapeutica* 1981; 7: 119-130.

**CORDILOX<sup>®</sup>**  
Verapamil Hydrochloride B.P. **120**

Controls all types of angina patients

CD 455

Orally or by injection  
**velosef**<sup>TM</sup>  
 cephradine



**velosef**  
 capsules, syrup and injections

**“the best all-round cephalosporin”<sup>1</sup>**

**Indications.** Velosef is a broad spectrum, bactericidal, antibiotic active against both Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria. It is highly active against most strains of penicillinase-producing staphylococci. Indications include: chest infections, soft tissue infections, bone and joint infections, ear, nose and throat infections, gastro-intestinal infections, urinary tract infections, septicaemia and endocarditis, surgical prophylaxis. **Dosage Orally:** Adults: 500 mg or 1g twice daily, or 250 mg or 500 mg four times daily. Children: 25 - 50 mg/kg/day in two or four equally divided doses. **By Injection:** Adults: 500 mg - 1g four times daily i.m. or i.v. In severe infections 2g four times daily i.m. or i.v. Children: 50 - 100 mg/kg/day in four equally divided doses. Serious infections may require 200 - 300 mg/kg/day. **Contra-indications.** Hypersensitivity to cephalosporins. **Precautions** Cephalosporins should be used with caution in patients who are hypersensitive to penicillins. As with all drugs, Velosef should be administered with caution during the early months of pregnancy. After treatment with cephradine a false positive reaction for glycosuria may occur with Benedict's solution or Fehling's solution or with reagent tablets such as Clinistest, but not with enzyme-based tests such as Cimistix or Diastix. As with all antibiotics, prolonged use may result in the overgrowth of non-susceptible organisms. Pseudomonads are uniformly resistant. Cephalosporins at high dosage should be given with caution to patients receiving concurrent treatment with potent diuretics such as furosemide, as these combinations are suspected of adversely affecting renal function. Patients with suspected or known renal impairment should be treated with reduced dosages. **Side effects.** Adverse reactions are rare and generally mild and transient, e.g. rashes, gastro-intestinal disturbance, eosinophilia, a positive Coomb's test, transient rises in serum liver enzymes and transient pain after i.m. injection. **Product Licence numbers:** Velosef Capsules 250 mg, 0034/0133; Velosef Capsules 500 mg, 0034/0134; Velosef Syrup 125 mg/5 ml, 0034/0135; Velosef Syrup 250 mg/5 ml, 0034/0136; Velosef Injection 500 mg, 0034/0139; Velosef Injection 1g, 0034/0140. **Price** Capsules 250 mg, 100's, £15.53; Syrup 125 mg/5 ml, 100 ml, £2.10. **Reference:** <sup>1</sup> Scot. Med. J. 1976;21:210-217. Further information on Velosef (Trade Mark) is available from: Technical Services Department, E.R. Squibb & Sons Limited, Squibb House, 141-149, Staines Road, Hounslow, Middlesex. TW3 3JA. Telephone. 01-572 7422.



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