lisinoprii ICI

Prescribing Notes

Consult data sheet before

prescribing.

Use: All grades of essential hypertension and renovascular hypertension. Congestive heart failure (adjunctive therapy).

Presentation: Tablets containing 2.5mg, 5mg, 10mg or 20mg Issinopril ('Zestril').

Dosage and administration: Hypertension - Intelly 2.5mg day, a 2.5mg dose action day, a 2.5mg dose action continues a theraceutic response; adjust dose according to response Mantenance usually 10.20mg once daily, Maximum is 40mg daily, Duretic-treated patients - of possible stop duretic 2.3 days before starting 'Zestril'. Resume duretic later if desired. Congestive heart failuretic (adjunctive therapy) - inklinetic

Congestive heart failure:
(adjunctive therapy) - initially
2.5mg daily in hospital under
close medical supervision,
increasing to 5-20mg once daily
according to response.

Impaired renal function: May require a lower maintenance dose. 'Zestril' is dialysable. Elderly patients: No change

Elderly patients: No change from standard recommendations: Ontraindications: Pregnancy – stop therapy of suspected. Hypersensitivity to 'Zestril'. Patients reacting with angioneurotic coeriems to previous ACE inhibitor treatment.

renal function is recommended. renal insufficiency; renovas-cular hypertension; surgery/ anaesthisa; possibility of hypotension especially in ischaemic heart disease and cerebrovascular disease. Combi-nation with antihypertensives may increase hypotensive effect. Sometimes increased blood urea and creatinine and/or cases of renal insufficiency if given with diuretics. Minimises thiazide-induced hypokalaemia and diuretics and potassium-con-taining salt substitutes not recommended Indomethacin may reduce hypotensive effect. Possible reduced response in Afro-Canbbean patients. Use with caution in breastfeeding mothers. Do not use in aortic stenosis or outflow tract obstruction or cor pulmonale. Monitor lithium serum levels of lithium salts administered. Side effects: Dizziness, headache, diarrhoea, fatigue, cough and nausea. Less frequently, rash and asthenia. Rarely, angioneurotic cedema and other hypersensitivity reactions; renal tailure; symptomatic hypotension severe heart failure); palpitation; enzymes and serum bilirubin (usually reversible on discon tinuation of 'Zestril') and

Product licence numbers and basic NHS cost: "Zestrif 2.5mg [29/0208] 28 tablets, £7.84, 5mg [29/0204] 28 tablets, £9.83, 10mg [29/0205] 28 tablets, £12.13, 20mg (29/0206) 28

'Zestril' is a trademark.

Further information is available from: ICI Pharmaceuticals (UK), Southbank, Alderley Park, Macclesfield, Cheshire SK10 4TF.





Oh what a beautiful morning!

Everyone has a certain zest for life. 'Zestril' lets your hypertensive patients enjoy theirs. 'Zestril' is an effective ACE inhibitor from ICI. 'Zestril' is taken once daily, so encouraging good patient compliance. A valuable aspect of 'Zestril' therapy is that it is well

tolerated, and suitable for a wide range of hypertensive patients. Your hypertensive patients will appreciate the convenient dosage and good tolerability of 'Zestril'. It's a therapy they'll find easy to live with one which helps retain their zest for life.

Morning,noon and night:



lisinopril ICI
Once daily for 24 hour BP control

Antihypertensive therapy which helps retain that zest for life.



...this is the first true sustained release formulation of nifedipine*1-2

NIFEDIPINE 20 mg Sustained Release Capsules

Coracten abbreviated prescribing information

Presentation

Coracten' Capsules, PL 0002/0159, each containing 20 mg nifedipine in sustained-release form. 100, £17.38.

Uses

Uses
Prophylactic treatment of angina pectoris; treatment of hypertension.
Dosage and administration

Adults only: Normally one capsule every 12 hours, increasing if necessary to 2 capsules every 12 hours.

Elderly: Although well tolerated, use with caution. Caution in patients with hepatic impairment. The capsules should be swallowed whole with

a little fluid.

Contra-Indications

Hypersensitivity to nifedipine. Cardiogenic shock. Pregnancy or possible pregnancy.
Precautions

Hypotensive patients, those with poor cardiac reserve, diabetic patients,

dialysis patients with malignant hypertension and irreversible renal failure with hypovolaemia. If stopping previously prescribed β -blockers, withdraw gradually, preferably over 8 to 10 days. Bear in mind possibility of postural hypotension and/or cardiac failure if nifedipine is used with β -blockers or other antihypertensive agents. Rarely cardiac pain within 30 minutes of administration: stop treatment. Clinically insignificant increased plasma levels of nifedipine with H_2 -receptor antagonists. Bear in mind possibility of interaction with digoxin. With nifedipine, serum quinidine levels can be suppressed. Use in prequancy and lactation

Use in pregnancy and lactation
'Coracten' contra-indicated during pregnancy; not recommended during lactation.
Adverse Reactions

Generally mild and transient, usually at start of treatment only. Headache, flushing, nausea, dyspepsia, heartburn, dizziness, lethargy, skin reactions, paraesthesia, hypotension, palpitation, tachycardia, dependent oedema. Very rarely allergic hepatitis, reversible gingival

Overdosage

Symptoms: hypotension, also tachycardia or bradycardia. Treatment: gastric lavage then oral activated charcoal with supportive and symptomatic measures, principally 18 fluids. If not sufficient, dopamine or dobutamine. Consider intravenous calcium gluconate. Legal category

- 1. Boult J. Pharm J 1989, 242:180
- Davis SS & Wilding IR. Nott. Univ. Data on File.
 * Available in U.K.

Further information is available on request from:



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