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PLATELET-ENDOTHELIUM INTERACTIONS IN HUMANS: CHANGES IN PLATELET CYCLIC GUANOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE CONTENT IN PATIENTS WITH ENDOTHELIAL DYSFUNCTION N P Andrews, N Dakak, W H Schenke, A A Quyyumi, National Heart Lung and Blood Institute, Bethesda, MD, USA Vascular endothelial dysfunction occurs in patients with atherosclerosis and those exposed to risk factors for atherosclerosis. These patients are also at risk for thrombotic vascular events. To investigate whether platelet-endothelium interactions vary between patients with and those without endothelial dysfunction, we studied the effect on platelet cyclic GMP content (PCGMPC) of acetylcholine (ACH) (that causes release of nitric oxide (NO) from endothelium) and compared it to the effect of sodium nitroprusside (SMP), a direct donor of NO. The platelet and vascular effects of intra-arterial ACH and SNP were studied in the femoral circulation of 19 patients, 10 with coronary atherosclerosis and 9 with angiographically normal coronary and femoral arteries. Intra-femoral arterial infusion of ACH (55 µg/min for 2 and 10 min), and SNP (40 µg/min for 2 min in 8 patients) were given and blood flow velocity was measured with intravascular dopler (Flowire, Cardiometrics Inc.). PCGMPc was measured by radioimmunoassay after withdrawing blood samples from the femoral vein. The vasodilator response to ACH was heterogenous, mean increase in flow velocity 69457% (meant SD), range -8% to 25%, p<.0001 after 2 min. Patients with atherosclerosis or multiple risk factors had depressed flow responses p<0.5. PCGMPc change was also heterogenous with ACH (mean change 11355, p=NS; range -37% to 88% increase). There was a highly significant correlation between the increase in flow velocity with ACH and the change in PCGMPc (r=0.57, p<0.001); thus, patients with depressed vasodilation response to ACH increased PCGMPc. In contrast, the vasodilator response to SNP (mean 113159% increase in flow velocity) was similar in all patients and the PCGMPc increase (mean 151±141%, p<0.02) did

## CORRECTIONS

Posters 62 and 313 were withdrawn.