EFFECTS OF CARDIOTROPHIN-1 ON DIFFERENTIATION AND MATURATION OF RAT BONE MARROW MESENCHYMAL STEM CELLS INDUCED WITH 5-AZACYTIDINE IN VITRO

Chen Xinyun1, Zeng Zhi1, Zhou Bin2, Rao Li1, Chen Yucheng1, Yan Yafei3, Zhang Tingjie2, Li Shengfu4
1Department of Cardiology, West China Hospital, Sichuan University, Chengdu, China; 2Laboratory of Molecular Translational Medicine, West China Second University Hospital, Sichuan University, Chengdu, China; 3Department of Cardiology, The No.1 municipal Hospital of Chendu, Chengdu, China; 4Department of Transplant Engineering and Immunology of Ministry of Health, West China Hospital, Sichuan University, Chengdu, China

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Abstracts

Background Cardiotrophin-1 (CT-1) is a cytokine involved in the growth and survival of cardiac cells that stimulates cardiomyogenesis in pluripotent murine embryonic stem (ES) cells. But it is not known whether CT-1 is responsible for the fate of differentiated bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells (BMMSCs).

Methods We investigated the effects of CT-1 on differentiation and maturation of BMMSCs in vitro induced with 5-azacytidine. After 4 weeks of induced culturing, we observed the levels of α-cardiac actin and troponin-I by immunohistochemical staining, the ultrastructure of induce-cultured BMMSCs, and the expression of GATA-4, NKx2.5, beta-mysin heavy chain (beta-MHC) and α-cardiac actin mRNA by real time RT-PCR analysis.

Results Differentiated BMMSCs cultured with CT-1 distinctly showed formations of myofilaments-morphological characteristics of myocyte like cells. The protein levels of α-cardiac actin and troponin-T were significantly higher than control. Furthermore, mRNA expression of GATA-4, NKx2.5, α-cardiac actin and beta-MHC was increased remarkably.

Conclusions This study suggests that induced culturing of BMMSCs in the presence of 5-azacytidine combined with CT-1 can enhance cardiomyocytic characteristics. CT-1 upregulates the expression of GATA-4, NKx2-5, α-cardiac actin and beta-MHC mRNA, and rapidly promotes the differentiation and maturation of cardiomyocyte-like cells differentiated from BMMSCs induced with 5-azacytidine.