

## **SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL**

## Supplemental Tables

## Supplemental Table 1: List of participating sites and local principal investigators

Country	Participating sites and investigators
Argentina	Fundación Favalaro: <b>Oscar Mendiz</b> ; Hospital Universitario Austral: <b>Juan Manuel Telayna</b> ; Clinica Centro Médico Privado Junin: <b>José Magni</b> ; Instituto Cardiovascular de Buenos Aires: <b>Fernando Cura</b> ; Sanatorio San Miguel: <b>Juan Lloberas</b>
Armenia	Astghik Medical Center (Natali Farm): <b>Mikayel Adamyan</b> ; Medical Center Gyumri CJSC: <b>Davit Minasyan</b> ; Qancor Cardiovascular MC LLC: <b>Shahen Khachatryan</b> ; Republican Medical Center Armenia CJSC: <b>Boghos Sarkissian</b> ; Yerevan State Medical University Hospital: <b>Hamayak Sisakian</b>
Austria	AKH Linz: <b>Clemens Steinwender</b> ; Medical University Vienna (AKH): <b>Irene Lang</b> ; Medizinische Universität Graz: <b>Gabor Toth-Mayor</b>
Bangladesh	National Heart Foundation Hospital and Research Institute: <b>Fazila Tun-Nesa Malik</b>
Belarus	City Clinical Emergency Hospital: <b>Alexander Beimanov</b> ; RSPC: <b>Oleg Polonetsky</b>
Belgium	AZ Sint Lucas: <b>Jan Nimmegeers</b> ; CHR de La Citadelle: <b>Suzanne Pourbaix</b> ; Hôpital Ambroise Paré de Mons: <b>Stéphane Carlier</b> ; CHU Charleroi: <b>Adel Aminian</b> ; CHU UCL Mont Godinne Namur: <b>Antoine Guédès</b> ; Epicura Hornu: <b>Philippe Decroly</b> ; Imelda Ziekenhuis: <b>Willem De Wilde</b> ; Jan Yperman Ziekenhuis: <b>Dries De Cock</b> ; OLVZ Aalst: <b>Bernard De Bruyne</b> ; UCL Saint Luc: <b>Joelle Kefer</b>
Brazil	Eurolatino Natal Pesquisas Medicas (Eurolatino Natal Medical Research): <b>Maria Sanali Paiva</b> ; Hospital E Maternidade Dr. Christóvão Da Gama: <b>Bruno Palmieri Bernardi</b> ; Hospital Felício Rocho: <b>Jamil Abdalla Saad</b> ; Hospital Moinhos de Vento: <b>Marco Vugman Waistein</b> ; Hospital Monte Sinai: <b>Gustavo De Moraes Ramalho</b> ; Hospital Santa Cruz: <b>Roberto Otsubo</b> ; Hospital São Vicente de Paulo: <b>Rogério Tumelero</b> , <b>Alexandre Tognon</b> ; Paraná Medical Research Center: <b>Marcos Franchetti</b> ; Unico: <b>João Eduardo Tinoco De Paula</b> ; Unimed Joinville: <b>Bruno Cupertino Migueletto</b>
Bulgaria	Mbal Haskovo: <b>Sevdalin Topalov</b> ; Mbal Montana City Clinic Sveti Georgi: <b>Krasimir Pandev</b> ; Mbal Sveta Karidad, Plovdiv: <b>Dimitar Karageorgiev</b> ; Mbal Sveta Petka Vidin: <b>Diana Trendafilova-Lazaroba</b> ; Specialized Cardiology Hospital For Active Treatment: <b>Angel Mitov</b> ; Trakiya Hospital, Stara Zagora: <b>Borislov Borisov</b> ; Umhat Alexandrovska: <b>Dobrin Vassilev</b> ; Umhat St.Ekaterina: <b>Julia Jorgova-Makedonska</b>
Chile	Clinica Bicentenario: <b>Carlos Romero</b> ; Clinica Santa Maria: <b>Pablo Pedreros</b> ; Hospital Clínico San Borja Arriaran: <b>Gabriel Maluenda</b> ; Hospital Guillermo Grant Benavente: <b>Luis Perez</b> ; Hospital Regional de Antofagasta: <b>Bernhard Westberg</b> ; Hospital Regional Puerto Montt: <b>Victor David Assef</b> ; Hospital San Juan de Dios: <b>Angel Puentes</b>
Colombia	Centro Cardiovascular de Caldas: <b>Hugo Castaño</b> ; Clinica Shaio: Pablo Castro; Fundación Cardiovascular de Colombia (Bucaramanga): <b>Tamara Gorgadze</b> ; Instituto del Corazon Bucaramanga: <b>Boris Eduardo Vesga</b> , <b>Hector Hernandez</b>
Czech Republic	St Anne's University Hospital Brno: <b>Ladislav Groch</b> ; Kardiologie na Bulovce: <b>Miroslav Erbrt</b> ; Karlovarská Krajská Nemocnice: <b>Alexandr Schee</b> ; FNKV Hospital: <b>Viktor Kočka</b> ; Krajska Nemocnice T. Bati: <b>Zdenek Coufal</b>
Egypt	Al Hayat Hospital: <b>Hany Ragy</b> ; Al Nakheel Hospital: <b>Yasser Sadek</b> ; Dr Ahmed Abdel Aziz Multicenter: <b>Mohamed Abdel Aziz</b> ; Dr Hussien Heshmat – As Salam International Hospital: <b>Hussien Heshmat</b> ; El Marwa Hospital: <b>Mounir Asman</b> ; Italian Hospital: <b>Ihab Daoud</b> ; L-Fouad Cardiac Center: <b>Ahmed Emara</b> ; Dr Hisham Ammar Multicenter: <b>Hisham Ammar</b> ; Police Hospital: <b>Mohamed Helal</b> ; Tarek Rasid: <b>Tarek Rashid</b> ; Um El Korra M Setiha Hospital: <b>Mohamed Setiha</b> ; Nile Badrawy Hospital: <b>Sameh Ahmed Salama</b> ; Wadi El Neel: <b>Hazem Khamis</b>
Estonia	North-Estonia Medical Center: <b>Peep Laanmets</b> ;
France	Centre D'exploration-Chirurgie Cardio-Vasculaire: <b>Jean-Louis Leymarie</b> ; CH Bretagne Atlantique: <b>Emmanuelle Filippi</b> ; CH de Marne La Vallée: <b>Simon Elhadad</b> ; CH de Montreuil: <b>Chaib Aures</b> ; CH Haguenau: <b>Fabien De Poli</b> ; Groupe Hospitalier de la Rochelle Ré Aunis: <b>Charlotte Trouillet</b> ; CH La Timone Marseille: <b>Jean-Louis Bonnet</b> ; CH Louis Pasteur-Le Coudray: <b>Grégoire Rangé</b> ; CH de Pau: <b>Nicolas Delarche</b> ; CH René Dubos Pontoise: <b>Francois Funck</b> ; CH St Joseph St Luc Lyon: <b>Olivier Dubreuil</b> ; CH Sud Francilien: <b>Pascal Goube</b> ; CH Valence: <b>Stanislas Champin</b> ; CH Yves Le Foll - Saint Briec: <b>Denis Amer Zabalawi</b> ; CHD Vendée La Roche Sur Yon: <b>Emmanuel Boiffard</b> ; CH Général de Saint Quentin: <b>Pierre Henon</b> , <b>Florent Chevalier</b> ; CHIC Quimper: <b>Thierry Joseph</b> ; CHR Orleans Cardiologie: <b>Olivier Bizeau</b> ; CHU Angers: <b>Alain Furber</b> ; CHU Caen: <b>Farzin Beygui</b> ; CHU Clermont-Ferrand: <b>Pascal Motreff</b> ; CHU de Poitiers: <b>Sebastien Levesque</b> ; Clinique Ambroise Paré: <b>Julien Rosencher</b> ; Clinique Diaconat Fonderie Mulhouse: <b>Pradip Kumar Sewoke</b> ; Clinique du Millénaire Montpellier: <b>Christophe Piot</b> ; Clinique Du Pont de Chaume Montauban: <b>Laurent Delorme</b> ; Clinique Louis Pasteur Essey les Nancy: <b>Max Amor</b> , <b>Michael Angioi</b> ; Clinique Rhône Durance: <b>Gilles Bayet</b> ; Clinique Saint-Laurent: <b>Yves Biron</b> ; Clinique St Hilaire Rouen: <b>Matthieu Godin</b> ; Clinique St Joseph: <b>Julien Jeanneteau</b> ; GCS Cardiologique de Bayonne: <b>Jean Luc Banos</b> ; Groupe Hospitalier Paris Saint Joseph: <b>Romain Cador</b> ; Groupement Mutualiste de Grenoble: <b>Jacques Monsegu</b> ; Hopital Privé Claude Galien Quincy: <b>Stéphane Champagne</b> ; Hopital Albert Schweitzer GHCA Colmar: <b>Plastaras Philoktimon</b> ; Hôpital Européen de Paris la Roseraie: <b>Hakim Benamer</b> ; Hopital Privé Dijon Bourgogne: <b>Philippe Brunel</b> ; Hopital Privé Jacques Cartier Massy: <b>Thomas Hovasse</b> , <b>Bernard Chevalier</b> ; Hopital Privé La Louviere-Lille: <b>Fabrice Leroy</b> ; Hopital Privé Saint Martin: <b>Guillaume Lecoq</b> ; Hôpital Privé St Martin de Pessac: <b>Levy Raphy</b> ; Hôpital Privé St Martin de Pessac: <b>Bernard Karsenty</b> ; Institut Arnauld Tzanck St Laurent du Var: <b>Alexandre Avran</b> ; Le Confluent Nouvelles Cliniques Nantaises: <b>Ashok Tirouvanziam</b> ; Nouvel Hopital Civil de Strasbourg: <b>Olivier Morel</b> ; Pôle Santé République Clermont Ferrand: <b>Pascal Barraud</b> ; Polyclinique Les Fleurs: <b>Philippe Commeau</b>
Georgia	Joann Medical Center (JAMC): <b>Lasha Chantladze</b>
Hungary	Pándy Kálmán Hospital: <b>Jambrik Zoltan</b> ; Markusovszky University Teaching Hospital: <b>Lajos Nagy</b> ; Moritz Kaposi General Hospital: <b>Andras Vorobcsuk</b> ; PECS University: <b>Ivan Horvath</b> ; Semmelweis University: <b>Bela Merkely</b> ; Szabolcs - Szatmar - Bereg County Hospital and University Teaching Hospital: <b>Kőszegi Zsolt</b>

Country	Participating sites and investigators
Iceland	Landspítali National University Hospital of Iceland: <b>Ingibjörg Jóna Guðmundsdóttir</b> ;
India	Dayanand Medical College: <b>Gurpreet Singh Wander</b> ; Fortis Hospital: <b>R. Keshava</b> ; G. Kuppuswamy Naidu Memorial Hospital: <b>Rajpal Abhaichand</b> ; H. J. Doshi Ghatkopar Hindusabha Hospital: <b>Anil Potdar</b> ; Heart & General Hospital: <b>Prakash Chandwani</b> ; Kamalnayan Bajaj Hospital, Aurangabad: <b>Ajit Bhagwat</b> ; Krishna Institute of Medical Sciences: <b>Rajendra Kumar Premchand</b> ; Madras Medical Mission: <b>Ajit Mulasari</b> ; Maharaja Agrasen Hospital: <b>B B Chanana</b> ; Max Super Specialty Hospital: <b>Viveka Kumar</b> ; Medanta Hospital: <b>Praveen Chandra</b> ; BM Birla Heart Research Centre: <b>Ashwani Mehta</b> ; Sree Chitra Tirunal Institute of Medical Sciences & Technology: <b>Bijulal Sasidharan</b> ; Wockhardt Hospital: <b>Prashant Jagtap</b>
Indonesia	Awal Bros Hospital: <b>Bambang Budiono</b> ; Binawaluya Cardiac Center: <b>Muhammad Munawar</b> ; RSUPN Dr. Cipto Mangunkusumo Hospital: <b>Muhammad Yamin</b> ; Dr. Soetomo General Hospital: <b>Yudi Her Oktaviono</b> ; Dr. Wahidin Sudirohusodo General Hospital- Awal Bros Hospital: <b>Abdul Hakim Alkatiri</b> ; Medistra Hospital: <b>Teguh Santoso</b> ; National Cardiovascular Center Harapan Kita Hospital: <b>Doni Firman</b> ; Saiful Anwar General Hospital: <b>Sasmojo Widito</b>
Ireland	Cork University Hospital: <b>Eugene McFadden</b> ; University Hospital Galway: <b>Jim Crowley</b> ; University Hospital Limerick: <b>Thomas Kiernan</b>
Israel	Assaf Harofeh Medical Center: <b>Minha Saar</b> ; Galilee Medical Center: <b>Marc Brezins</b> ; Rambam Medical Center: <b>Ariel Roguin</b> ; Ziv Medical Center: <b>Majdi Halabi</b>
Japan	Gunma Prefectural Cardiovascular Center: <b>Ren Kawaguchi</b> ; Higashi Takarazuka Satoh Hospital: <b>Satoru Otsuji</b> ; Iwaki Kyoritsu General Hospital: <b>Yoshito Yamamoto</b> ; Kakogawa Central City Hospital: <b>Makoto Kadotani</b> ; Kansai Rosai Hospital: <b>Takayuki Ishihara</b> ; Kokura Memorial Hospital: <b>Kenji Ando</b> ; Komaki City Hospital: <b>Katsuhiko Kawaguchi</b> ; Kouseikai Takai Hospital: <b>Yasunori Nishida</b> ; Mie Heart Center: <b>Hideo Nishikawa</b> ; Mimihara General Hospital: <b>Shozo Ishihara</b> ; Okamura Memorial Hospital: <b>Yasuhiro Tarutani</b> ; Osaka General Medical Center: <b>Takashi Morita</b> ; Osaka Rosai Hospital: <b>Masami Nishino</b> ; Saiseikai Senri Hospital: <b>Keiji Hirooka</b> ; Saiseikai Yamaguchi General Hospital: <b>Shiro Ono</b> ; Saiseikai Yokohama City Eastern Hospital: <b>Yoshiaki Ito</b> ; Saitama Cardiovascular And Respiratory Center: <b>Makoto Muto</b> ; Sakurabashi Watanabe Hospital: <b>Kenshi Fujii</b> ; Sapporo Higashi Tokushukai Hospital: <b>Seiji Yamazaki</b> ; Seirei Hamamatsu General Hospital: <b>Hisayuki Okada</b> ; Seirei Yokohama Hospital: <b>Kazuhiro Ashida</b> ; Shonan Kamakura General Hospital: <b>Shigeru Saito</b> ; Showa University Fujigaoka Hospital: <b>Hiroshi Suzuki</b> ; Tokai University Hachioji Hospital: <b>Takashi Matsukage</b>
Jordan	Jordan Hospital: <b>Imad Alhaddad</b>
Kazakhstan	Aktobe Regional Hospital: Aidos Taumov; Cardiology Center Petropavl: <b>Maxat Kudratullayev</b> ; City Hospital #2: <b>Marat Alikhanov</b> ; Clinical Center of Cardiac Surgery and Transplantation: <b>Vadim Seisembekov</b> ; Jsc Nat. Scient. Cardiosurgery Ctr.: <b>Marat Aripov</b> ; Medical University Clinic West Kazakhstan: <b>Dauren Teleuo</b> ; National Surgery Center Almaty: <b>Bauyrzhan Ormanov</b> ; Pavlodar Regional Cardiology Center: <b>Ruslan Baisebenov</b> ; Regional Cardiosurgery Center: <b>Azamat Kenzhinovich Zhashkeyev</b> ; Rudnyi City Hospital: <b>Azamat Yerzhanov</b> ; The Almaty City Heart Center: <b>Orazbek Sakhov</b> ; Semey State Medical University, Interventional Cardiology Dpt: <b>Ersin Sabitov</b>
Kuwait	Sabah Al Ahmad Cardiac Center: <b>Vladimir Kotevski</b>
Lebanon	Hôpital Abou Jaoudé: <b>Daou Abdo</b> ; Labib Medical Center: <b>Ahmad Serhal</b>
Lithuania	Hospital Of Lithuanian University Of Health Sciences Kauno klinikos: <b>Ramunas Unikas</b> ; Klaipeda Seamen's Hospital: <b>Aurimas Knokneris</b>
Macedonia	City General Hospital: <b>Vladimir Ristovski</b> ; University Clinic Of Cardiology: <b>Sasko Kedev</b>
Malaysia	Desa Park City: <b>Chong Yoon Sin</b> ; Hospital Serdang: <b>Abdul Kahar Ghapar</b> ; Hospital Sultanah Bahiyah: <b>Abd Syukur Bin Abdullah</b> ; Hospital Tengku Ampuan Afzan: <b>Siti Khairani bt Zainal Abidin</b> ; HSC Medical Center: <b>Tee Chee Hian</b> ; UiTM Sg. Buloh Campus: <b>Nicholas Chua Yul Chye</b>
Mexico	Clinica Hospital San Jose de Navojoa: <b>Santiago Sandoval Navarrete</b> ; Hospital Fray Juan de San Miguel de Uruapan: <b>Juan Jorge Beltran Ochoa</b> ; Hospital Star Medica Merida: <b>Sergio Alonso Villareal Umaña</b> ; Casa del Corazon de la Peninsula de Yucatan SCP: <b>Carlos Ramon Rodas Caceres</b>
Morocco	Cherradi_Clinique Agdal: <b>Rhizlan Cherradi</b> ; Clinique Achifaa de Casablanca: <b>Anass Assaidi</b> ; Clinique Grant Atlas: <b>Dounia Benzaroual</b> ; Clinique Internationale de Marrakech: <b>Fahd Chaara</b>
Netherlands	Albert Schweitzer Ziekenhuis: <b>Martijn Scholte</b> ; Amphia Ziekenhuis: <b>Alexander J.J. Ijsselmuiden</b> ; Catharina Ziekenhuis: W.A.L. <b>Pim Tonino</b> ; Jeroen Bosch Ziekenhuis: <b>Jawed Polad</b> ; <b>Jacob van Eck</b> ; Maasstad Ziekenhuis: <b>Pieter Cornelis Smits</b> ; Meander MC: <b>Fabrizio Spano</b> ; Medisch Centrum Haaglanden: <b>Lucas H. Savalle</b> ; Medisch Spectrum Twente, Enschede: <b>Clemens Von Birgelen</b> ; Rijnstate Ziekenhuis: <b>Peter W. Danse</b> ; Scheper Hospital: <b>Gillian Jessurun</b> ; Zorgsaam Ziekenhuis Zeeuws-Vlaanderen: <b>Pieter Bisschops</b>
Oman	Muscat Private Hospital: <b>Amr Hassan</b>
Poland	Insytut Kardiologii im. Prymasa Tys ąclecia Stefana Kardynała Wyszyńskiego: <b>Adam Witkowski</b> ; Miedziowe Centrum Zdrowia: <b>Adrian Wlodarczak</b> ; Szpital Kliniczny Przemienienia Panskiego Um Im. K. Marcinkowskiego W Poznaniu: <b>Maciej Lesiak</b> ;
Portugal	CHLN Norte Hospital Santa María: <b>Pedro Canas Da Silva</b>
Romania	Centrele de Excelenta Ares: <b>Alexandru Voican</b> ; Clinicile Icco S.R.L.: <b>Mihai Ursu</b> ; Cordismed Timisoara: <b>Milovan Slovenski</b> ; Spitalul Judetean de Urgenta Sibiu: <b>Ioan Bitea Cornel</b>
Saudi Arabia	Dallah Hospital, Riyadh: <b>Samih Lawand</b> ; King Fahad Cardiac Center: <b>Tarek Kashour</b> ; Prince Abdullah Bin Abdul Aziz Musad Cardiac Center: <b>Muhammad Aurangzaib Mughal</b>
Serbia	Cardiovascular Institute Dedinje: <b>Dragan Sagic</b> ; Clinical Center Kragujevac: <b>Nikola Jagic</b> ; Cardiology Clinic, Clinical Centre of Serbia: <b>Vladan Vukcevic</b> ; Kbc Zvezdara: <b>Alexandar Davidovic</b> ; CHC Bezanjska Kosa: <b>Sasa Hinic</b>
Slovakia	Stredodlovensky Ustav Srdcovych A Cievnych Chorob: <b>Martin Hudec</b>
South Africa	Ethekwini Hospital & Heart Centre: <b>Shiraz Gafoor</b> ; <b>Ismail Soosiwala</b> ; Milpark Hospital: <b>Graham Cassel</b> ; Netcare Greenacres Hospital: <b>Martin Tawanda Butau</b> ; Netcare Union Hospital: <b>Jean-Paul Theron</b> ; Netcare Unitas Hospital:

Country	Participating sites and investigators
	<b>Jean Vorster</b> ; Netcare Unitas Hospital: <b>Pieter Blomerus</b> ; Netcare Unitas Hospital: <b>Iftikar Osman Ebrahim</b> ; Netcare Unitas Hospital: <b>Jacobus Badenhorst</b>
Spain	Bellvitge University Hospital: <b>Joan Antonio Gomez</b> ; Complejo Hospitalario Universitario A Coruña (CHUAC): <b>Nicolás Vázquez Gonzalez</b> ; Hospital 12 Octubre: <b>Fernando Sarnago</b> ; Hospital Cabueñes: <b>Iñigo Lozano</b> ; Hospital Clínico Lozano Blesa de Zaragoza: <b>José Ramón Ruiz Arroyo</b> ; Hospital Clínico Universitario de Santiago de Compostela: <b>Ramiro Trillo Nouche</b> ; Clínico Universitario Valencia: <b>Juan Sanchís</b> ; Hospital de Cruces-Barakaldo: <b>Juan Alcibar</b> ; Hospital Universitario Donostia: <b>Mariano Larman</b> ; Hospital de Galdakao: <b>José Ramón Rumoroso</b> ; Hospital de La Cruz Roja de Córdoba: <b>José Suárez de Lezo</b> ; Hospital de León: <b>Maria López Benito</b> ; Hospital de Mérida: <b>Pablo Cerrato Garcia</b> ; Hospital de Navarra: <b>Baltasar Lainez</b> ; Hospital del Mar: <b>Beatriz Vaquerizo</b> ; Hospital Fundación Alcorcon: <b>Javier Botas</b> ; Hospital G. Trias I Pujol: <b>Eduard Fernández Nofrerias</b> ; Hospital General Castellón: <b>Pascual Baello Monge</b> ; Hospital General Ciudad Real: <b>Fernando Lozano Ruiz-Poveda</b> ; Hospital General de Albacete: <b>Jesus Maria Jimenez Mazuecos</b> ; Hospital General Universitario de Burgos: <b>Javier Robles</b> ; Hospital Infanta Cristina: <b>José Ramon Lopez Minguez</b> ; Hospital Juan Ramón Jiménez: <b>Pepi García</b> ; Clínica La Luz: <b>Jorge Palazuelos</b> ; Hospital Manises: <b>Gema Miñana</b> ; Hospital Marqués de Valdecilla: <b>Jose Javier Zueco</b> ; Hospital Meixoeiro-Medtec: <b>Andrés Iñiguez Romo</b> ; Hospital Moncloa: <b>Eulogio Garcia Fernandez</b> ; Hospital Puerta de Hierro: <b>Javier Goicolea</b> ; Hospital Reina Sofia de Córdoba: <b>Manuel Pan</b> ; Clínica San Francisco de Asis: <b>Arturo García Touchard</b> ; Hospital San Pedro: <b>Javier Fernández</b> ; Hospital San Pedro de Alcántara-Caceres: <b>Javier Fernandez Portales</b> ; Hospital San Rafael: <b>Gonzalo Peña</b> ; Hospital Sant Pau: <b>Antonio Peñaranda Serra</b> ; Hospital Santa Lucía de Cartagena Hospital Nostra Señora Rossell: <b>José Domingo Cascón</b> ; Hospital Txagoritxu: <b>Alfonso Torres</b> ; Hospital Universitario de Gran Canaria Dr Negrin: <b>Pedro Martin Lorenzo</b> ; Hospital Universitario de Guadalajara: <b>Javier Balaguer Requena</b> ; Hospital Universitario Lucus Augusti (HULA): <b>Raymundo Ocaranza Sanchez</b> ; Hospital Universitario Miguel Servet (H.U.M.S.): <b>Jose Antonio Diarte de Miguel</b> ; Hospital Vall d'Hebron: <b>Bruno García Del Blanco</b> ; Hospital Virgen Arrixaca: <b>Eduardo Pinar</b> ; Hospital Virgen de La Salud: <b>P. José Moreu Burgos</b> ; Instituto Cardiologico Hospital Campo Grande: <b>Juan Manuel Duran</b> ; San Juan de Alicante: <b>Ramón López Palop</b> ; Universitario Central de Asturias: <b>César Moris-De La Tassa</b>
Sweden	Gävle Sjukhus: <b>Robert Kastberg</b> ; Mälarsjukshuset: <b>Finn Hjortevang</b> ; Skaraborgs Sjukhus v Skövde: <b>Jason Stewart</b> ; Sundvalls Sjukhus: <b>Espen Haugen</b> ; Universitets Sjukhuset i Örebro: <b>Ole Fröbert</b> ; Västmanlands Sjukhus Västerås: ;
Switzerland	Cardiocentro Lugano, Ticino: Giovanni Pedrazzini; Herz Gefäss Zentrum Zürich: <b>Peter Wenaweser</b> ; Hôpital de La Tour: <b>Edoardo De Benedetti</b> ; Hôpitaux Universitaires de Genève: <b>Maro Roffi</b> ; Kantonsspital Baselland: <b>Gregor Leibundgut</b> ; Kantonsspital Frauenfeld Spital Thurgau AG: <b>Michael Neuhaus</b> ; Kantonsspital Luzern: <b>Florim Cuculi</b>
Thailand	Central Chest Institute Of Thailand: <b>Wirash Kehasukcharoen</b> ; HRH Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn Medical Center (Nakornayok): <b>Arthit Wongsoasup</b> ; Paolo Memorial Hospital Phaholyothin: <b>Niphoth Srisuwant</b>
Tunisia	Dr. Mohamed Drissa Clinique Hannibal Lac 2: <b>Mohamed Akram Drissa</b> ; Dr. Ben Chedli Tarek - Soukra Medical: <b>Ben Chedli Tarek</b> ; Dr. Bouziri - Clinique Générale Et Cardiovasculaire de Tunis: <b>Sami Bouziri</b> ; Dr. Elyes Kharrat - Bassatine Clinic: <b>Elyes Kharrat</b> ; Polyclinique El bassatine _Dr. Mohamed Najeh Abid: <b>Mohamed Najeh Abid</b> ; Clinique Générale et Cardiovasculaire de Tunis _Dr. Saloua Trabelsi: <b>Saloua Trabelsi</b> ; Polyclinique El Bassatine: <b>Rridha Ennouri</b>
Ukraine	Heart Institute: <b>Andriy Khohlov</b> ; NAMS Amosov   Emergency Endovascular Surgery Department: <b>Sergii Salo</b> ; NAMS Amosov   X-Ray Diagnostics And Invasive Cardiology Department: <b>Yevhenii Aksonov</b> ; S.P.M.C. of Pediatric Cardiology and Cardiac Surgery: <b>Georgiy Mankovskiy</b>
United Arab Emirates	Al Noor Hospital - Airport: <b>Mohammad Andron</b> ; Al Qassimi Hospital: <b>Arif Al Nooryani</b> ; Al Zahra Private Hospital, Dubai: <b>Syed Nazir</b> ; Belhoul Speciality Hospital, Dubai: <b>Muhammad Adnan Raufi</b> ; Dr. Sulaiman Al Habib: <b>Albert Alahmar</b> ; Dubai Hospital: <b>Hesham Ahmed Osman</b> ; Iranian Hospital, Dubai: <b>Sayed Bagher Tabatabaei</b> ; Lifecare Hospital: <b>Khaled Galal</b> ; Prime Hospital, Dubai: <b>Murali Krishna</b> ; Rashid Hospital: <b>Fahad Omar Baslaib</b>
United Kingdom	Essex Cardiothoracic Centre, Basildon: <b>Rohan Jagathesan</b> ; Bedford Hospital: <b>Ramesh de Silva</b> ; Blackpool Victoria Hospital: <b>Jonas Eichhofer</b> ; Bradford Teaching Hospitals: <b>John Kurian</b> ; Croydon University Hospital: <b>Sanjay Kumar</b> ; Dorset County Hospital: <b>Javed Iqbal</b> ; Eastbourne District General Hospital: <b>David Walker</b> ; Freeman Hospital: <b>Rajiv Das</b> ; GBS Re Bucks Healthcare NHS Trust (Buckinghamshire, Wycombe): <b>Piers Clifford</b> ; James Cook University Hospital: <b>David Austin</b> ; Kettering General Hospital: <b>Javed Ehtisham</b> ; Kings Mill Hospital: <b>Ifti Fazal</b> ; Lincoln County Hospital: <b>Kelvin Lee</b> ; Lister Hospital, Stevenage: <b>Paul Kotwinski</b> ; The Royal Wolverhampton Hospitals: <b>Shahzad Munir</b> ; Norfolk And Norwich University Hospital: <b>Alisdair Ryding</b> ; Northwick Park Hospital: <b>Ahmed Elghamaz</b> ; Plymouth Hospital: <b>Girish Viswanathan</b> ; Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham: <b>Sagar Doshi</b> ; Queens Medical Center Nottingham: <b>Sachin Jadhav</b> ; Royal Berkshire Hospital: <b>Nicos Spyrou</b> ; Royal Blackburn Hospital: <b>John Mcdonald</b> ; Royal Bournemouth And Christchurch Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust: <b>Suneel Talwar</b> ; Royal Brompton And Harefield: <b>Robert Smith</b> ; Royal Cornwall Hospitals: <b>Sen Devadathan</b> ; Derby Teaching Hospitals: <b>Kamal Chitkara</b> ; The Royal Free Hospital: <b>Sundeep Kalra</b> ; Royal Gwent Hospital, Newport: <b>James Cullen</b> ; Royal Stoke University Hospital: <b>Mamas Mamas</b> ; Royal Sussex Hospital, Brighton: <b>David Hildick-Smith</b> ; Royal United Hospital, Bath: <b>Kevin Carson</b> ; Salisbury District Hospital: <b>Tim Wells</b> ; Sandwell And West Birmingham Hospitals: <b>Chetan Varma</b> ; Sheffield Teaching Hospital: <b>James Richardson</b> ; Tunbridge Wells Hospital: <b>Clive Lawson</b> ; UH Coventry and Warwickshire: <b>Rajathurai Thirumaran</b> ; University Hospital South Manchester: <b>Hussain Contractor</b> ; University Hospital Of Wales: <b>Rito Mitra</b> ; University Hospitals Of Leicester: <b>Ian Hudson</b> ; West Middlesex Hospital: <b>Sukhinder Nijjer</b> ; Western Sussex Hospitals - Worthing Hospital: <b>Nicholas Pegge</b> ; Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust: <b>Helen Routledge</b> ; Wrioughton Hospital: <b>V J Karthikeyan</b>
Uzbekistan	Republic Specialized Center of Surgery: <b>Mirjamol Mirumarovich Zufarov</b>
Vietnam	Thong Nhat Hospital: <b>Nguyen Van Tan</b>

**Supplemental Table 2: Regions, countries and number of patients enrolled**

	N of patients
<b>Europe</b>	<b>25736</b>
Austria	189
Belarus	17
Belgium	613
Bulgaria	1161
Czech Republic	293
Estonia	654
France	4546
Hungary	224
Iceland	50
Ireland	407
Lithuania	283
Macedonia	383
Netherlands	4336
Poland	331
Portugal	90
Romania	197
Serbia	364
Slovakia	105
Spain	4305
Sweden	666
Switzerland	554
Ukraine	267
United Kingdom	5701
<b>Asia</b>	<b>6614</b>
Armenia	310
Bangladesh	365
Georgia	128
India	1466
Indonesia	555
Japan	942
Kazakhstan	2319
Malaysia	302
Thailand	62
Uzbekistan	113
Vietnam	52
<b>Africa/Middle East</b>	<b>2438</b>
Egypt	587
Israel	293
Jordan	28
Kuwait	50
Lebanon	5
Morocco	177
Oman	25
Saudi Arabia	125
South Africa	295
Tunisia	431
United Arab Emirates	422
<b>South America/Mexico</b>	<b>2410</b>
Argentina	249
Brazil	259
Chile	1326
Colombia	497
Mexico	79

**Supplemental Table 3: Definitions of primary outcome events**

Event	Definition
Cardiac death	<p>Cardiac death was defined as any death due to proximate cardiac cause (e.g. MI, low-output failure, fatal arrhythmia), un-witnessed death and death of unknown cause, and all procedure-related deaths, including those related to concomitant treatment.</p>
Myocardial infarction	<p>).</p> <p>Three types of myocardial infarction (MI) <b>depending of the time of occurrence</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Pre-procedural MI</b>: occurring any time between the admission time at the hospital and the procedure.</li> <li>• <b>Peri-procedural MI</b>: occurring during the procedure or within 48h after procedure (baseline procedure or any repeated percutaneous coronary intervention) or 72h after CABG. Peri-procedural MI clearly related to revascularization of non-target vessel will not be counted as event for device oriented composite endpoint-TLF (see below)</li> <li>• <b>Spontaneous MI</b>: occurring any time beyond the baseline procedure and in between any repeated intervention (see below).</li> </ul> <p>Two types of Myocardial infarction (MI) <b>depending on ECG assessment</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Q-wave MI</b>: occurring with detection of development of new, pathological Q-waves in 2 or more contiguous leads.</li> <li>• <b>Non-Q-wave MI</b>: occurring in the absence of new pathological Q-waves, with elevation of values of cardiac enzymes CK and CK-MB and Troponin. In this protocol only Troponin T or Troponin I will be used for the assessment of myocardial infarctions, not high sensitivity troponin.</li> </ul> <p><b>PERIPROCEDURAL MI &lt;48 HOURS after PCI</b></p> <p>A. New pathologic Q waves in <math>\geq 2</math> contiguous ECG leads <b>AND</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any CKMB <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB: Troponin <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB and Troponin: CK <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB and Troponin and CK: CEC decision upon clinical scenario</li> </ul> <p>B. Appropriate cardiac enzyme data (respecting top-down hierarchy, b1 to b3):</p> <p>b1. CK <math>\geq 2 \times \text{URL}</math> Confirmed by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CKMB <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB: Troponin <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB and Troponin: CEC decision upon clinical scenario</li> </ul> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>b2. In the absence of CK: CKMB <math>&gt; 3 \times \text{URL}</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>b3. In the absence of CK and CKMB: Troponin <math>&gt; 3 \times \text{URL}</math></p> <p>Note URL = upper reference limit, defined as 99th percentile of normal reference range</p> <p><b>SPONTANEOUS MI &gt; 48HOURS after PCI</b></p> <p>A. Recurrent thoracic chest pain or ischemic equivalent <b>AND</b> New pathologic Q waves in <math>\geq 2</math> contiguous ECG leads <b>AND</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any CKMB <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB: Troponin <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB and Troponin: CK <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB and Troponin and CK: CEC decision upon clinical scenario</li> </ul> <p>B. Appropriate cardiac enzyme data:</p> <p>b1. CK <math>\geq 2 \times \text{URL}</math> Confirmed by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CKMB <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB: Troponin <math>&gt; 1 \times \text{URL}</math> <b>or</b></li> <li>• In the absence of CKMB and Troponin: CEC decision upon clinical scenario</li> </ul> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>b2. In the absence of CK: CKMB <math>&gt; 3 \times \text{URL}</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>b3. In the absence of CK and CKMB: Troponin <math>&gt; 3 \times \text{URL}</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>b4. In the absence of CK, CKMB and Troponin, clinical decision based upon clinical scenario.</p>

Target vessel myocardial infarction	Myocardial infarction that could not be clearly attributable to a vessel other than target vessel(s)
Clinically-driven target lesion revascularization	<p>Target lesion revascularization (TLR) is any clinically driven repeat percutaneous intervention of the target lesion or bypass surgery of the target vessel performed for restenosis or other complication of the target lesion. All TLRs were classified prospectively as clinically indicated or not clinically indicated by the Investigator prior to repeat angiography. The target lesion was defined as the treated segment from 5 mm proximal to the stent and to 5 mm distal to the stent.</p> <p>A revascularization was considered clinically driven if angiography at follow-up showed a percent diameter stenosis <math>\geq 50\%</math> (core lab QCA assessment) and if one of the following occurred: 1. a positive history of recurrent angina pectoris, presumably related to the target vessel; 2. objective signs of ischemia at rest (ECG changes) or during exercise test (or equivalent), presumably related to the target vessel; 3. abnormal results of any invasive functional diagnostic test (e.g. Doppler flow velocity reserve, fractional flow reserve); 4. diameter stenosis <math>\geq 70\%</math> (by corelab QCA assessment) even in the absence of the above-mentioned ischemic signs or symptoms.</p>

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MI: myocardial infarction; PCI: percutaneous coronary intervention; TLR: target lesion revascularization

**Supplemental Table 4: Clinical Event Committee members**

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<b>Name</b>	<b>Affiliated hospital</b>
Taku Asano	St Luke's International Hospital, Tokyo, Japan
Claude Hanet	Catholic University Hospital Mont-Godinne, Belgium
Hara Hironori	Academic Medical Center (AMC), Amsterdam, the Netherlands
Yuki Katagiri	Academic Medical Center (AMC), Amsterdam, the Netherlands
Hideyuki Kawashima	Academic Medical Center (AMC), Amsterdam, the Netherlands
Norihiro Kogame	Academic Medical Center (AMC), Amsterdam, the Netherlands
Hidegori Komiyama	Nippon Medical school, Tokyo, Japan
Yosuke Miyazaki	Erasmus Medical Center Rotterdam, the Netherlands
Masafumi Ono	Academic Medical Center (AMC), Amsterdam, the Netherlands
Bastiaan Schölzel	Amphia Ziekenhuis Breda, the Netherlands
Kuniaki Takahashi	Academic Medical Center (AMC), Amsterdam, the Netherlands
George Vlachojannis	Maasstad Ziekenhuis Rotterdam, the Netherlands

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**Supplemental Table 5: Procedural characteristics**

	All regions n=37198	Europe n=25736	Asia n=6614	Africa/Middle East n=2438	South America/Mexico n=2410
Radial access – all patients	82.2% (30584/37198)	88.1% (22668/25736)	73.0% (4831/6614)*	50.2% (1223/2438)*	77.3% (1862/2410)*
Radial access – CCS	80.1% (13348/16672)	86.8% (9961/11482)	67.6% (2161/3199)*	47.4% (485/1024)*	76.6% (741/967)*
Radial access – NSTEMI-ACS	84.3% (10948/12992)	89.5% (8225/9191)	80.4% (1659/2064)*	49.8% (456/915)*	74.0% (608/822)*
Radial access – STEMI	83.5% (6266/7507)	88.5% (4462/5042)	74.9% (1011/1350)*	56.7% (282/497)*	82.7% (511/618)
Intravascular imaging	6.3% (2356/37198)	4.0% (1028/25736)	17.2% (1135/6614)*	3.8% (93/2438)	4.2% (100/2410)
IVUS	3.7% (1358/37198)	1.4% (369/25736)	13.1% (869/6614)*	3.2% (79/2438)*	1.7% (41/2410)
OFDI	2.2% (807/37198)	1.6% (417/25736)	4.9% (324/6614)*	0.3% (8/2438)*	2.4% (58/2410)*
Microcatheter use per lesion	2.2% (1084/49720)	1.6% (570/34795)	4.5% (365/8032)*	2.0% (74/3647)	2.3% (75/3246)*
Number of study stents implanted per patient, n	1.6±0.9 (37098)	1.6±0.9 (25710)	1.3±0.6 (6601)*	1.7±1.0 (2398)*	1.6±0.9 (2389)
Length of implanted study stents per patient, mm	31.1±19.7 (37032)	31.1±20.3 (25656)	30.6±17.8 (6601)*	32.7±19.6 (2391)*	30.5±17.1 (2384)
Length of implanted study stents per lesion, mm	25.7±13.8 (44715)	25.4±14.3 (31432)	26.6±12.3 (7583)*	26.7±13.5 (2922)*	26.2±12.4 (2778)*
Balloon pre-dilatation, per lesion	58.6% (29112/49720)	59.2% (20598/34795)	58.7% (4717/8032)*	51.4% (1873/3647)*	59.3% (1924/3246)
Balloon post-dilatation, per lesion	40.2% (19976/49720)	38.5% (13377/34795)	47.5% (3816/8032)	43.0% (1569/3647)*	37.4% (1214/3246)
Atherectomy, per lesion	0.7% (322/49720)	0.6% (223/34795)	1.1% (85/8032)*	0.1% (5/3647)*	0.3% (9/3246)*
Cutting balloon, per lesion	1.0% (477/49720)	1.0% (347/34795)	0.9% (72/8032)	0.6% (22/3647)*	1.1% (36/3246)
Thrombus aspiration (in STEMI patients), per lesion	18.3% (1677/9162)	19.4% (1208/6217)	21.0% (326/1556)	9.4% (61/647)*	11.1% (82/742)*
Distal protection (for SVG lesions)	5.4% (24/444)	NR	NR	NR	NR

	All regions n=37198	Europe n=25736	Asia n=6614	Africa/Middle East n=2438	South America/Mexico n=2410
<b>Complete revascularization at index procedure (in MVD)</b>					
All patients	43.4% (7065/16267)	43.6% (4866/11150)	39.2% (1122/2866)*	56.0% (719/1283)*	37.0% (358/968)*
CCS	50.7% (3468/6842)	49.0% (2354/4807)	56.9% (615/1081)*	60.2% (326/542)*	42.0% (173/412)*
NSTE-ACS	41.5% (2558/6168)	43.7% (1827/4183)	30.2% (337/1121)*	51.2% (263/514)*	37.4% (131/350)*
STEMI	31.9% (1036/3249)	31.7% (683/2153)	25.5% (169/663)*	57.3% (130/227)*	26.2% (54/206)
<b>Staged procedures</b>					
All patients	5.6% (2096/37198)	6.4% (1647/25736)	4.1% (269/6614)*	3.3% (81/2438)*	4.1% (99/2410)*
CCS	4.4% (739/16672)	4.8% (551/11482)	4.8% (152/3199)	1.1% (11/1024)*	2.6% (25/967)*
NSTE-ACS	5.4% (696/12992)	6.1% (561/9191)	3.0% (62/2064)*	4.4% (40/915)*	4.0% (33/822)*
STEMI	8.8% (661/7507)	10.6% (535/5042)	4.1% (55/1350)*	6.0% (30/497)*	6.6% (41/618)*
<b>Procedure duration time (min)</b>					
All patients	53±30 (28348)	50±29 (20107)	55±33 (4502)*	60±33 (1918)*	61±36 (1821)*
CCS	54±33 (12484)	52±31 (8978)	62±38 (1942)*	55±32 (761)*	65±40 (803)*
NSTE-ACS	52±28 (10097)	51±27 (7153)	49±26 (1614)*	61± 33 (729)*	58± 31 (601)*
STEMI	49±28 (5746)	45±25 (3958)	53±29 (945)*	66± 35 (426)*	60±34 (417)*
Closure device for femoral access	45.4% (3195/7041)	72.6% (2520/3470)	9.6% (168/1752)*	32.9% (408/1240)*	17.1% (99/579)*

Data are mean± standard deviation for continuous variables with or % (n) for categorical variables. The number of patients with available data is indicated in brackets. The p-value for the comparison over all 4 regions was <0.0001 for all variables, except for cutting balloon (overall p=0.089). A\*indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

Procedural characteristics at index procedure are reported. Contrast use was only collected in a limited number of patients with specific indications.

CCS: chronic coronary syndromes; IVUS: intravascular ultrasound; MVD: multivessel disease; NR = not reported (due to low numbers); STEMI: ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction; NSTE-ACS: non-ST-segment elevation acute coronary syndromes; OFDI: optical frequency domain imaging; SVG: saphenous vein graft

**Supplemental table 6: Intra-procedural anticoagulation**

<b>Chronic coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=16672	Europe n=11482	Asia n=3199	Africa/Middle East n=1024	South America/Mexico n=967
Unfractionated heparin	93.9% (9261/9867)	93.7% (8644/9226)	88.9% (1681/1892)	90.4% (694/768)	96.3% (617/641)
Low molecular weight heparin	6.2% (609/9867)	6.3% (585/9226)	11.2% (212/1892)	9.9% (76/768)	3.7% (24/641)
Bivalirudin	0.2% (16/9867)	0.2% (16/9226)	0.4% (7/1892)	0.1% (1/768)	2.5% (16/641)
<b>Acute coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=20499	Europe n=14233	Asia n=3414	Africa/Middle East n=1412	South America/Mexico n=1440
Unfractionated heparin	94.0% (11496/12227)	93.8% (10738/11443)	56.1% (1412/2516)	90.7% (1000/1103)	96.7% (758/784)
Low molecular weight heparin	5.6% (678/12227)	5.7% (653/11443)	45.9% (1154/2516)	9.3% (102/1103)	3.2% (25/784)
Bivalirudin	1.2% (140/12227)	1.2% (139/11443)	0.2% (4/2516)	1.0% (11/1103)	0.1% (1/784)

**Supplemental Table 7: Dual antiplatelet therapy**

<b>All patients</b>	All regions n=37198	Europe n=25736	Asia n=6614	Africa/Middle East n=2438	South America/Mexico n=2410
DAPT at discharge after index procedure	97.4% (36231/37189)	97.7% (25142/25733)	98.3% (6499/6613)	96.1% (2339/2435)	93.5% (2251/2408)
Aspirin	97.5% (36269/37189)	97.8% (25171/25733)	98.3% (6502/6613)	96.3% (2345/2435)	93.5% (2251/2408)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	99.8% (37117/37189)	99.8% (25681/25733)	99.8% (6603/6613)	99.6% (2425/2435)	100% (2408/2408)
Clopidogrel	64.1% (23843/37189)	58.6% (15089/25733)	72.0% (4763/6613)*	79.1% (1927/2435)*	85.7% (2064/2408)*
Any potent P2Y12 inhibitor	35.1% (13034/37189)	40.6% (10451/25733)	27.5% (1816/6613)*	17.8% (433/2435)*	13.9% (334/2408)*
Prasugrel	5.1% (1889/37189)	4.4% (1134/25733)	10.1% (665/6613)*	2.4% (59/2435)*	1.3% (31/2408)*
Ticagrelor	30.0% (11145/37189)	36.2% (9317/25733)	17.4% (1151/6613)*	15.4% (374/2435)*	12.6% (303/2408)*
Ticlopidine	0.6% (240/37189)	0.5% (141/25733)	0.4% (24/6613)	2.7% (65/2435)*	0.4% (10/2408)
DAPT at 3-month follow-up	95.4% (34171/35804)	94.8% (23584/24866)	96.7% (6210/6422)	95.9% (2168/2261)	98.0% (2209/2255)
Aspirin	96.7% (34609/35804)	96.4% (23973/24866)	97.2% (6239/6422)	96.4% (2180/2261)	98.3% (2217/2255)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	97.2% (34803/35804)	97.1% (24149/24866)	97.1% (6234/6422)	97.2% (2197/2261)	98.6% (2223/2255)
DAPT at 1-year follow-up	70.6% (24352/34488)	64.8% (15672/24178)	83.1% (5135/6180)*	83.8% (1706/2035)*	87.8% (1839/2095)*
Aspirin	86.8% (29931/34488)	85.1% (20568/24178)	91.2% (5633/6180)*	89.9% (1829/2035)	90.7% (1901/2095)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	78.1% (26919/34488)	73.1% (17675/24178)	87.9% (5430/6180)*	89.2% (1816/2035)*	95.4% (1998/2095)*
<b>Chronic coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=16672	Europe n=11482	Asia n=3199	Africa/Middle East n=1024	South America/Mexico n=967
DAPT at discharge after index procedure	96.8% (16141/16670)	97.3% (11170/11482)	97.3% (3110/3198)	93.6% (958/1024)	93.5% (903/966)
Aspirin	97.0% (16168/16670)	97.5% (11190/11482)	97.3% (3112/3198)	94.0% (963/1024)	93.5% (903/966)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	99.8% (16633/16670)	99.8% (11456/11482)	99.9% (3194/3198)	99.3% (1017/1024)	100% (966/966)
Clopidogrel	80.2% (13366/16670)	79.8% (9167/11482)	77.2% (2469/3198)	88.6% (907/1024)*	85.2% (823/966)
Any potent P2Y12 inhibitor	19.1% (3182/16670)	19.7% (2258/11482)	22.3% (714/3198)*	7.0% (72/1024)*	14.3% (138/966)*
Prasugrel	4.3% (711/16670)	2.3% (262/11482)	13.4% (427/3198)*	1.0% (10/1024)*	1.2% (12/966)*
Ticagrelor	14.8% (2471/16670)	17.4% (1996/11482)	9.0% (287/3198)*	6.1% (62/1024)*	13.0% (126/966)*

Ticlopidine	0.5% (85/16670)	0.3% (31/11482)	0.3% (11/3198)	3.7% (38/1024)*	0.5% (5/966)
DAPT at 3-month follow-up	94.5% (15271/16165)	94.0% (10502/11178)	95.6% (2955/3090)	93.4% (925/990)	98.0% (889/907)
Aspirin	96.0% (15521/16165)	96.0% (10734/11178)	96.0% (2966/3090)	93.9% (930/990)	98.2% (891/907)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	96.6% (15607/16165)	96.6% (10799/11178)	96.0% (2965/3090)	95.5% (945/990)	99.0% (898/907)
DAPT at 1-year follow-up	68.9% (10756/15611)	61.3% (6652/10859)	86.0% (2554/2970)*	82.3% (739/898)*	91.7% (811/884)*
Aspirin	85.6% (13363/15611)	83.1% (9026/10859)	91.4% (2717/2970)*	86.9% (780/898)	95.0% (840/884)*
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	77.1% (12030/15611)	70.9% (7694/10859)	90.5% (2688/2970)*	89.5% (804/898)*	95.5% (844/884)*
<b>Acute coronary syndromes</b>	<b>All regions n=20499</b>	<b>Europe n=14233</b>	<b>Asia n=3414</b>	<b>Africa/Middle East n=1412</b>	<b>South America/Mexico n=1440</b>
DAPT at discharge after index procedure	97.9% (20066/20492)	98.0% (13953/14230)	99.3% (3389/3414)	97.9% (1379/1409)	93.5% (1345/1439)
Aspirin	98.0% (20077/20492)	98.1% (13962/14230)	99.3% (3390/3414)	97.9% (1380/1409)	93.5% (1345/1439)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	99.8% (20458/20492)	99.8% (14204/14230)	99.9% (3409/3414)	99.8% (1406/1409)	100% (1439/1439)
Clopidogrel	51.1% (10463/20492)	41.6% (5913/14230)	67.2% (2294/3414)*	72.3% (1018/1409)*	86.0% (1238/1439)*
Any potent P2Y12 inhibitor	48.0% (9840/20492)	57.5% (8181/14230)	32.3% (1102/3414)*	25.6% (361/1409)*	13.6% (196/1439)*
Prasugrel	5.7% (1178/20492)	6.1% (872/14230)	7.0% (238/3414)	3.5% (49/1409)*	1.3% (19/1439)*
Ticagrelor	42.3% (8662/20492)	51.4% (7309/14230)	25.3% (864/3414)*	22.1% (312/1409)*	12.3% (177/1439)*
Ticlopidine	0.8% (155/20492)	0.8% (110/14230)	0.4% (13/3414)*	1.9% (27/1409)*	0.3% (5/1439)
DAPT at 3-month follow-up	96.2% (18877/19614)	95.6% (13063/13668)	97.7% (3254/3331)	97.8% (1241/1269)	98.0% (1319/1346)
Aspirin	97.2% (19065/19614)	96.7% (13220/13668)	98.2% (3272/3331)	98.4% (1248/1269)	98.4% (1325/1346)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	97.8% (19172/19614)	97.5% (13330/13668)	98.1% (3268/3331)	98.5% (1250/1269)	98.4% (1324/1346)
DAPT at 1-year follow-up	72.0% (13584/18856)	67.7% (9009/13300)	80.4% (2581/3210)*	85.1% (966/1135)*	84.9% (1028/1211)*
Aspirin	87.8% (16552/18856)	86.7% (11527/13300)	90.8% (2916/3210)	92.3% (1048/1135)	87.6% (1061/1211)
Any P2Y12 inhibitor	78.9% (14873/18856)	74.9% (9967/13300)	85.4% (2742/3210)*	89.0% (1010/1135)*	95.3% (1154/1211)*

Data are % (n). The number of patients with available data is indicated in brackets. The p-value for the comparison over all 4 regions was  $\leq 0.01$  for all variables, except for “Any P2Y12 inhibitor” in ACS patients (overall  $p=0.42$ ). A \* indicates a p-value  $< 0.05$  for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

DAPT: dual antiplatelet therapy.

**Supplemental Table 8: Lipid lowering medication**

<b>All patients</b>	All regions n=37198	Europe n=25736	Asia n=6614	Africa/Middle East n=2438	South America/Mexico n=2410
At discharge	80.9% (30075/37189)	83.2% (21422/25733)	78.6% (5195/6613)*	82.5% (2008/2435)	60.2% (1450/2408)*
At 3 months	77.7% (27804/35804)	80.0% (19897/24866)	70.8% (4544/6422)*	70.4% (1592/2261)*	78.5% (1771/2255)
At 1 year	75.5% (26046/34488)	77.9% (18825/24178)	67.2% (4153/6180)*	64.1% (1304/2035)*	84.2% (1764/2095)*
<b>Chronic coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=16672	Europe n=11482	Asia n=3199	Africa/Middle East n=1024	South America/Mexico n=967
At discharge	76.1% (12679/16670)	78.9% (9056/11482)	69.0% (2206/3198)*	76.0% (778/1024)	66.1% (639/966)*
At 3 months	75.0% (12122/16165)	77.3% (8637/11178)	65.4% (2022/3090)*	74.1% (734/990)	80.4% (729/907)
At 1 year	74.9% (11698/15611)	76.5% (8306/10859)	68.1% (2022/2970)*	66.6% (598/898)*	87.3% (772/884)*
<b>Acute coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=20499	Europe n=14233	Asia n=3414	Africa/Middle East n=1412	South America/Mexico n=1440
At discharge	84.8% (17372/20492)	86.8% (12347/14230)	87.6% (2989/3414)	87.2% (1228/1409)	56.2% (808/1439)*
At 3 months	79.9% (15661/19614)	82.3% (11242/13668)	75.7% (2521/3331)*	67.5% (856/1269)*	77.4% (1042/1346)
At 1 year	76.0% (14328/18856)	79.0% (10501/13300)	66.4% (2131/3210)*	62.0% (704/1135)*	81.9% (992/1211)

The p-value for the comparison over all 4 regions was <0.0001 for all variables. A\*indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

Data are % (n). The number of patients with available data is indicated in brackets.

**Supplemental Table 9: Angiographic complications**

<b>All patients</b>	All regions n=37198	Europe n=25736	Asia n=6614	Africa/Middle East n=2438	South America/Mexico n=2410	P-value
Any complication	3.2% (1176/37173)	3.7% (951/25733)	1.3% (86/6613)*	2.6% (63/2433)*	3.2% (76/2394)	<0.0001
Coronary perforation	4.8% (56/1176)	4.6% (44/951)	7.0% (6/86)	4.8% (3/63)	4.0% (3/76)	0.78
Coronary spasm	6.4% (75/1176)	4.7% (45/951)	18.6% (16/86)*	9.5% (6/63)	10.5% (8/76)	<0.0001
No reflow	11.6% (136/1176)	10.2% (97/951)	16.3% (14/86)	12.7% (8/63)	22.4% (17/76)*	0.0063
Side branch occlusion	16.1% (189/1176)	17.0% (162/951)	12.8% (11/86)	12.7% (8/63)	10.5% (8/76)	0.31
Residual thrombus	9.4% (110/1176)	8.5% (81/951)	12.8% (11/86)	17.5% (11/63)*	9.2% (7/76)	0.076
<b>Chronic coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=16672	Europe n=11482	Asia n=3199	Africa/Middle East n=1024	South America/Mexico n=967	
Any complication	2.3% (382/16660)	2.8% (320/11480)	0.8% (24/3198)*	1.7% (17/1023)*	2.2% (21/959)	<0.0001
<b>Non-ST-segment elevation acute coronary syndromes</b>	All regions n=12992	Europe n=9191	Asia n=2064	Africa/Middle East n=915	South America/Mexico n=822	
Any complication	3.1% (406/12987)	3.6% (326/9190)	1.2% (24/2064)*	3.2% (29/915)	3.3% (27/818)	<0.0001
<b>ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction</b>	All regions n=7507	Europe n=5042	Asia n=1350	Africa/Middle East n=497	South America/Mexico n=618	
Any complication	5.2% (387/7502)	6.0% (304/5042)	2.8% (38/1350)*	3.5% (17/493)*	4.5% (28/617)	<0.0001

Data are % (n). The number of patients with available data is indicated in brackets. The p-value is given for the comparison over all 4 regions. A\*indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

**Supplemental Table 10: Length of stay**

	All regions	Europe	Asia	Africa/Middle East	South America/Mexico	P-value
<b>All patients</b>	2 (1-7) n=36554	2 (1-6) n=25403	3 (2-11)* n=6421	2 (2-5) n=2386	2 (1-7)* n=2344	<0.0001
<b>Chronic coronary syndromes</b>	2 (1-4) n=16399	2 (1-4) n=11356	3 (2-8)* n=3097	2 (2-3)* n=1003	2 (1-4)* n=943	<0.0001
<b>Non-ST elevation acute coronary syndromes</b>	3 (1-7) n=12781	2 (1-6) n=9062	5 (2-11)* n=2026	2 (2-4)* n=894	2(1-6) n=799	<0.0001
<b>ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction</b>	4 (2-10) n=7349	4 (2-8) n=4965	6 (2-14)* n=1297	4 (2-6)* n=487	5 (1-8) n=600	<0.0001

Data are median (10<sup>th</sup> -90<sup>th</sup> percentile) days. The p-value is given for the comparison over all 4 regions  
 A\*indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.



**Supplemental Table 11: One-year clinical outcomes in chronic coronary syndromes**

	All regions n=15935	Europe n=11110	Asia n=3015	Africa/Middle East n=912	South America/Mexico n=898	P-value
Target lesion failure <sup>o</sup>	3.0% (473/15935)	3.4% (375/11110)	2.2% (65/3015)*	1.3% (12/912)*	2.3% (21/898)	<0.0001
Cardiac death <sup>o</sup>	1.0% (160/15935)	1.2% (131/11110)	0.6% (18/3015)*	0.4% (4/912)*	0.8% (7/898)	0.0080
Target vessel MI <sup>o</sup>	0.8% (131/15935)	1.0% (115/11110)	0.3% (9/3015)*	0.6% (5/912)	0.2% (2/898)*	<0.0001
Clinically driven TLR <sup>o</sup>	1.6% (250/15935)	1.7% (183/11110)	1.6% (47/3015)	0.9% (8/912)	1.3% (12/898)	0.31
All-cause death <sup>o</sup>	1.7% (264/15935)	1.9% (215/11110)	1.1% (32/3015)*	0.7% (6/912)*	1.2% (11/898)	<0.0001
All MI <sup>o</sup>	1.1% (174/15935)	1.4% (151/11110)	0.4% (11/3015)*	0.9% (8/912)	0.5% (4/898)*	<0.0001
Revascularizations						
TVR <sup>o</sup>	2.2% (349/15935)	2.4% (262/11110)	1.9% (56/3015)	1.1% (10/912)*	2.3% (21/898)	0.042
TV non-TLR <sup>o</sup>	0.6% (102/15935)	0.8% (90/11110)	0.1% (4/3015)*	0.1% (1/912)*	0.8% (7/898)	<0.0001
TLR <sup>o</sup>	1.6% (260/15935)	1.7% (185/11110)	1.7% (52/3015)	1.0% (9/912)	1.6% (14/898)	0.45
Clinically driven revascularizations						
TVR <sup>o</sup>	2.1% (334/15935)	2.3% (255/11110)	1.7% (51/3015)*	1.0% (9/912)*	2.1% (19/898)	0.018
TV non-TLR <sup>o</sup>	0.6% (97/15935)	0.8% (85/11110)	0.1% (4/3015)*	0.1% (1/912)*	0.8% (7/898)	0.0002
Target vessel failure <sup>o</sup>	3.4% (543/15935)	3.9% (434/11110)	2.3% (69/3015)*	1.4% (13/912)*	3.0% (27/898)	<0.0001
Stent thrombosis <sup>o</sup>						
Definite <sup>o</sup>	0.3% (44/15935)	0.4% (39/11110)	0.1% (3/3015)*	0.1% (1/912)	0.1% (1/898)	0.058
Probable <sup>o</sup>	0.2% (32/15935)	0.2% (26/11110)	0.1% (4/3015)	0.0% (0/912)	0.2% (2/898)	0.37
Definite/probable <sup>o</sup>	0.5% (75/15935)	0.6% (64/11110)	0.2% (7/3015)*	0.1% (1/912)	0.3% (3/898)	0.027
Possible <sup>o</sup>	0.5% (78/15935)	0.6% (65/11110)	0.3% (8/3015)*	0.2% (2/912)	0.3% (3/898)	0.072
All bleedings						
BARC 2-5 Bleeding	1.9% (295/15935)	2.4% (270/11110)	0.5% (15/3015)*	0.6% (5/912)*	0.6% (5/898)*	<0.0001
BARC 3-5 Bleeding	0.8% (126/15935)	1.0% (114/11110)	0.2% (7/3015)*	0.3% (3/912)*	0.2% (2/898)*	<0.0001

<sup>o</sup>Events were adjudicated by an independent Clinical Event Committee

Events are reported as % (n) in the patient population that reached 1-year follow-up, died during follow-up or who had event that contributed to the primary endpoint. The p-value is given for the comparison over all 4 regions. A\* indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

Target lesion failure: composite of cardiac death, TV-MI or clinically driven TLR. Target vessel failure: composite of cardiac death, TV-MI or clinically driven TVR. MI: myocardial infarction; TLR: target lesion revascularization; TV non-TL: target vessel, non-target lesion, revascularization; TVR: target vessel revascularization

**Supplemental Table 12: One-year clinical outcomes in non-ST-segment elevation acute coronary syndromes**

	All regions n=12374	Europe n=8852	Asia n=1992	Africa/Middle East n=806	South America/Mexico n=724	P-value
Target lesion failure	3.5% (428/12374)	3.9% (341/8852)	2.0% (40/1992)*	2.4% (19/806)*	3.9% (28/724)	<0.0001
Cardiac death	1.3% (160/12374)	1.3% (119/8852)	0.9% (18/1992)	1.0% (8/806)	2.1% (15/724)	0.087
Target vessel MI	1.1% (132/12374)	1.3% (114/8852)	0.3% (6/1992)*	1.0% (8/806)	0.6% (4/724)	0.0007
Clinically driven TLR	2.0% (243/12374)	2.2% (198/8852)	1.0% (20/1992)*	1.4% (11/806)	1.9% (14/724)	0.0023
All-cause death <sup>o</sup>	2.3% (287/12374)	2.5% (219/8852)	1.5% (30/1992)*	1.7% (14/806)	3.3% (24/724)	0.011
All MI <sup>o</sup>	1.5% (183/12374)	1.8% (158/8852)	0.4% (7/1992)*	1.6% (13/806)	0.7% (5/724)*	<0.0001
Revascularizations						
TVR <sup>o</sup>	2.7% (334/12374)	3.1% (274/8852)	1.5% (30/1992)*	1.7% (14/806)*	2.2% (16/724)	0.0002
TV non-TLR <sup>o</sup>	0.9% (109/12374)	1.0% (90/8852)	0.6% (12/1992)	0.5% (4/806)	0.4% (3/724)	0.078
TLR <sup>o</sup>	2.0% (249/12374)	2.3% (203/8852)	1.1% (21/1992)*	1.4% (11/806)	1.9% (14/724)	0.0022
Clinically driven revascularizations						
TVR <sup>o</sup>	2.6% (326/12374)	3.0% (268/8852)	1.4% (28/1992)*	1.7% (14/806)*	2.2% (16/724)	0.0002
TV non-TLR <sup>o</sup>	0.9% (105/12374)	1.0% (87/8852)	0.6% (11/1992)	0.5% (4/806)	0.4% (3/724)	0.079
Target vessel failure <sup>o</sup>	4.0% (497/12374)	4.5% (399/8852)	2.3% (46/1992)*	2.7% (22/806)*	4.1% (30/724)	<0.0001
Stent thrombosis <sup>o</sup>						
Definite <sup>o</sup>	0.4% (52/12374)	0.5% (45/8852)	0.1% (2/1992)*	0.3% (2/806)	0.4% (3/724)	0.069
Probable <sup>o</sup>	0.2% (27/12374)	0.2% (17/8852)	0.2% (3/1992)	0.1% (1/806)	0.8% (6/724)*	0.0038
Definite/probable <sup>o</sup>	0.6% (79/12374)	0.7% (62/8852)	0.3% (5/1992)*	0.4% (3/806)	1.2% (9/724)	0.016
Possible <sup>o</sup>	0.6% (75/12374)	0.6% (56/8852)	0.5% (10/1992)	0.5% (4/806)	0.7% (5/724)	0.87
All bleedings						
BARC 2-5 Bleeding	2.4% (293/12374)	3.0% (265/8852)	0.3% (6/1992)*	0.9% (7/806)*	2.1% (15/724)	<0.0001
BARC 3-5 Bleeding	1.0% (126/12374)	1.2% (108/8852)	0.2% (3/1992)*	0.6% (5/806)	1.4% (10/724)	<0.0001

<sup>o</sup>Events were adjudicated by an independent Clinical Event Committee

Events are reported as % (n) in the patient population that reached 1-year follow-up, died during follow-up or who had event that contributed to the primary endpoint. The p-value is given for the comparison over all 4 regions. A\* indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

Target lesion failure: composite of cardiac death, TV-MI or clinically driven TLR. Target vessel failure: composite of cardiac death, TV-MI or clinically driven TVR. MI: myocardial infarction; TLR: target lesion revascularization; TV non-TL: target vessel, non-target lesion, revascularization; TVR: target vessel revascularization

**Supplemental Table 13: One-year clinical outcomes in ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction**

	All regions n=7060	Europe n=4839	Asia n=1298	Africa/Middle East n=361	South America/Mexico n=562	P-value
Target lesion failure	3.3% (234/7060)	3.1% (151/4839)	2.5% (32/1298)	2.8% (10/361)	7.3% (41/562)*	<0.0001
Cardiac death	1.9% (135/7060)	1.5% (70/4839)	1.8% (23/1298)	1.9% (7/361)	6.2% (35/562)*	<0.0001
Target vessel MI	0.8% (53/7060)	0.9% (42/4839)	0.5% (7/1298)	0.0% (0/361)	0.7% (4/562)	0.22
Clinically driven TLR	1.4% (98/7060)	1.6% (77/4839)	0.9% (11/1298)*	0.8% (3/361)	1.3% (7/562)	0.16
All-cause death <sup>o</sup>	2.8% (195/7060)	2.2% (105/4839)	3.0% (39/1298)	2.2% (8/361)	7.7% (43/562)	<0.0001
All MI <sup>o</sup>	0.9% (66/7060)	1.1% (52/4839)	0.5% (7/1298)	0.3% (1/361)	1.1% (6/562)	0.17
Revascularizations						
TVR <sup>o</sup>	2.1% (147/7060)	2.5% (119/4839)	1.1% (14/1298)*	1.1% (4/361)	1.8% (10/562)	0.0084
TV non-TLR <sup>o</sup>	0.7% (50/7060)	1.0% (46/4839)	0.08% (1/1298)*	0.3% (1/361)	0.4% (2/562)	0.0039
TLR <sup>o</sup>	1.5% (105/7060)	1.7% (81/4839)	1.0% (13/1298)	0.8% (3/361)	1.4% (8/562)	0.23
Clinically driven revascularizations						
TVR <sup>o</sup>	2.0% (140/7060)	2.4% (115/4839)	0.9% (12/1298)*	1.1% (4/361)	1.6% (9/562)	0.0043
TV non-TLR <sup>o</sup>	0.7% (50/7060)	1.0% (46/4839)	0.08% (1/1298)*	0.3% (1/361)	0.4% (2/562)	0.0039
Target vessel failure <sup>o</sup>	3.8% (268/7060)	3.8% (183/4839)	2.5% (33/1298)*	3.1% (11/361)	7.3% (41/562)*	<0.0001
Stent thrombosis <sup>o</sup>						
Definite <sup>o</sup>	0.7% (50/7060)	0.9% (41/4839)	0.3% (4/1298)*	0.2% (1/361)	0.7% (4/562)	0.16
Probable <sup>o</sup>	0.5% (35/7060)	0.4% (17/4839)	0.5% (6/1298)	0.8% (3/361)	1.6% (9/562)*	0.0008
Definite/probable <sup>o</sup>	1.2% (84/7060)	1.2% (57/4839)	0.8% (10/1298)	1.1% (4/361)	2.3% (13/562)*	0.046
Possible <sup>o</sup>	0.5% (37/7060)	0.4% (20/4839)	0.4% (5/1298)	0.6% (2/361)	1.8% (10/562)*	0.0003
All bleedings						
BARC 2-5 Bleeding	2.2% (154/7060)	2.9% (139/4839)	0.6% (8/1298)*	0.0% (0/361)*	1.3% (7/562)*	<0.0001
BARC 3-5 Bleeding	0.7% (52/7060)	0.9% (43/4839)	0.3% (4/1298)*	0.0% (0/361)	0.9% (5/562)	0.054

<sup>o</sup>Events were adjudicated by an independent Clinical Event Committee

Events are reported as % (n) in the patient population that reached 1-year follow-up, died during follow-up or who had event that contributed to the primary endpoint. The p-value is given for the comparison over all 4 regions. A\* indicates a p-value <0.05 for the difference in characteristics between the region as compared to Europe.

Target lesion failure: composite of cardiac death, TV-MI or clinically driven TLR. Target vessel failure: composite of cardiac death, TV-MI or clinically driven TVR. MI: myocardial infarction; TLR: target lesion revascularization; TV non-TL: target vessel, non-target lesion, revascularization; TVR: target vessel revascularization

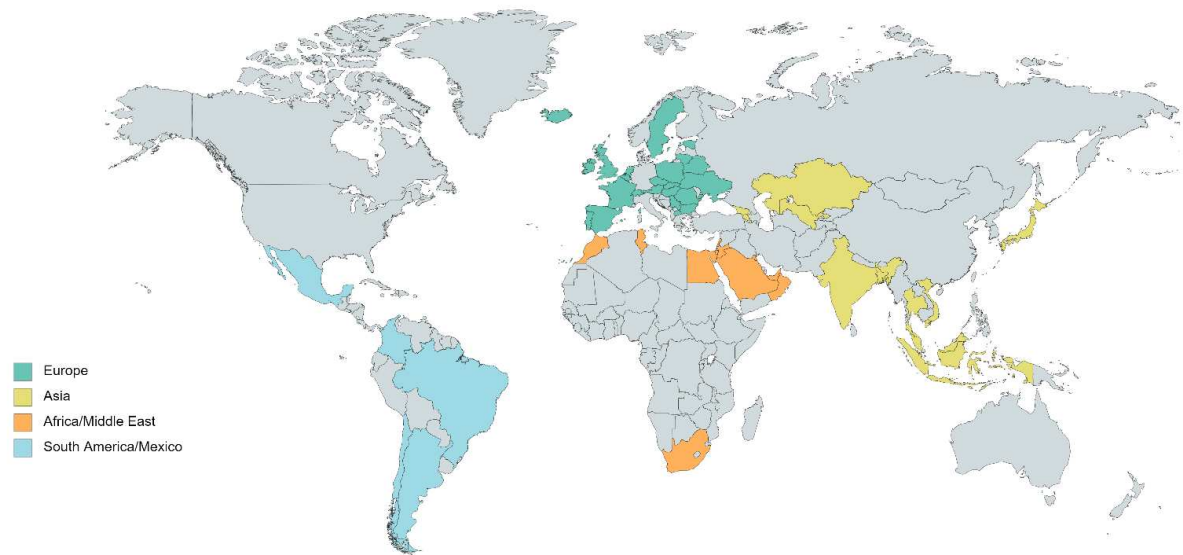
**Supplemental table 14 Baseline characteristics of patients with and without one-year follow-up**

	Patients with 1-year FU n=35389	Patients lost to follow-up n=1767	P-value
<b>Patient characteristics</b>			
Age, years	64.3 ±11.2 (35389)	61.5 ±11.7 (1767)	<0.001
Octogenarians (≥ 80years)	8.9% (3161/35389)	6.6% (116/1767)	<0.001
Gender, male	75.9% (26869/35389)	76.9% (1358/1767)	0.37
Body mass index, kg/m <sup>2</sup>	27.8 ±4.6 (28446)	27.7 ±4.6 (1463)	0.98
Cardiovascular risk factors <sup>¶</sup> , n	2.1 ±0.9 (30369)	2.4 ±1.01 (1600)	<0.001
Diabetes mellitus	28.3% (9840/34780)	29.8% (522/1751)	0.17
Smoking			
Never	41.5% (11809/28455)	37.2% (557/1497)	0.001
Previous	32.6% (9267/28455)	28.7% (429/1497)	0.002
Current	25.9% (7379/28455)	34.1% (511/1497)	<0.001
Hypertension	67.6% (21629/31990)	71.5% (1183/1655)	0.001
Hypercholesterolemia	59.6% (18389/30843)	66.0% (1054/1598)	<0.001
Family history of heart disease	35.5% (6746/18982)	47.3% (508/1075)	<0.001
Previous MI	22.9% (7489/32719)	21.0% (350/1664)	0.08
Previous PCI	26.1% (8608/32965)	23.9% (401/1681)	0.04
Previous CABG	5.7% (1870/32850)	3.8% (64/1672)	0.001
Atrial fibrillation on OAC	5.7% (1854/32728)	4.0% (67/1682)	0.003
Previous stroke	5.5% (1803/32847)	4.3% (73/1690)	0.04
Peripheral vascular disease	6.7% (2147/32200)	6.2% (101/1642)	0.41
Congestive heart failure	11.3% (3604/31966)	13.0% (214/1643)	0.03
Renal impairment	7.0% (2433/34628)	6.3% (109/1738)	0.23
Clinical presentation			
CCS	45.1% (15935/35369)	40.6% (714/1761)	<0.001
NSTEMI-ACS	35.0% (12374/35369)	34.4% (605/1761)	0.59
STEMI	20.0% (7060/35369)	25.1% (442/1761)	<0.001

CABG: coronary artery bypass graft; CCS: chronic coronary syndromes; MI: myocardial infarction; NSTEMI-ACS: non-ST-segment elevation acute coronary syndromes; OAC: oral anticoagulants; PCI: percutaneous coronary intervention; STEMI: ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction

## Supplemental Figures

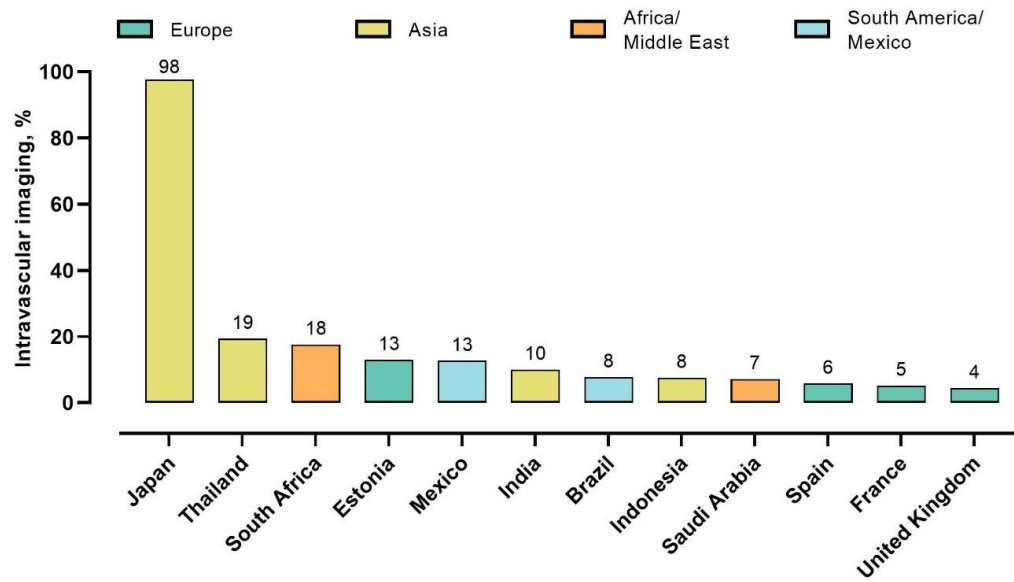
### Supplemental Figure 1: Participating countries



The map was created with [mapchart.net](https://www.mapchart.net/)

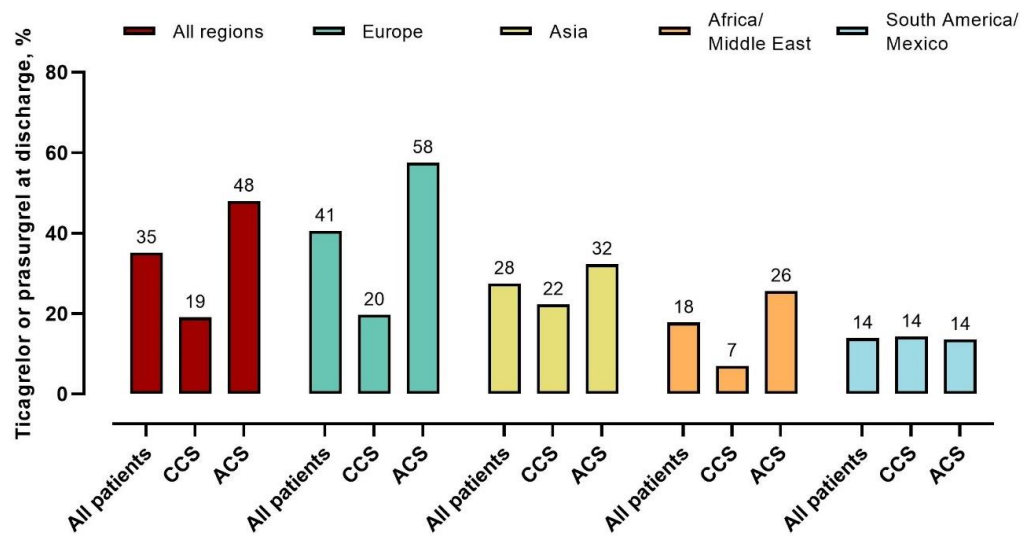


Supplemental Figure 2: Use of intravascular imaging



The 12 countries with the highest use are listed

Supplemental Figure 3: Ticagrelor or prasugrel treatment at discharge



ACS; acute coronary syndromes; CCS: chronic coronary syndromes